

11/1/82 S 1905-1



GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

DECEMBER 1981

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(November Data)

TEMPORARY LAYOFFS CAUSE GEORGIA EMPLOYMENT TO DECLINE

Georgia employment for November depicted an overall decrease of 900, sliding from 2,167,300. This drop was centered in the manufacturing sector which showed a decrease of 4,000. The decrement was attributed to temporary layoffs in a number of manufacturing industries. Some of these industries were hardwood dimensions and flooring mills, hydraulic cement manufacturing, paperboard mills and folding paperboard boxes manufacturing, and particularly in men's, youths', and boys' underwear and work clothing manufacturing and women's, misses', and juniors' clothing manufacturing.

The nonmanufacturing sector offset the losses in manufacturing with an overall gain of 3,100. The majority of the increase was centered in two divisions--trade and government. Retail trade reflected a marked seasonal rise in business in mail order houses, department stores, variety stores and music stores. Government's gain occurred in executive offices and elementary and secondary schools. Decreases were still being registered in construction as a result of less business in residential and non-residential building, plumbing, heating and air conditioning contracting, roofing and sheet metal work contracting, and electrical work contracting.

CHANGES IN AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS

Although the average weekly earnings for total manufacturing decreased only slightly, there were some sectors which had sizable changes. They were furniture and fixtures, paper and allied products, machinery, electric and electronic equipment, and transportation equipment. Of these, the only one with a gain was furniture and fixtures. This increment of \$8.28 was due to more business in metal office furniture manufacturing and wood household furniture manufacturing. The loss in paper and allied products (down \$16.24) was attributed to less business in bags manufacturing and stationery, tablets and related products manufacturing; less overtime in paper mills; and employment of additional people in paperboard mills. Machinery showed a decline of \$10.51 because of less business in farm machinery and equipment, industrial trucks, tractors, trailers and stackers manufacturing. Less business in industrial controls manufacturing was the reason for the downturn of \$7.91 in electric and electronic equipment. Finally, transportation equipment fell \$11.92 from last month due to less overtime in automobile manufacturing.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

ROBINSON-HUMPHREY BEGINS REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENTS

The Robinson-Humphrey Company Incorporated has announced plans to build two office complexes in Atlanta. The first is an office condominium project at Century Center Office Park. It will have 16 units and cost \$3.8 million to construct. Financing is being handled through United American Properties of London. The second development is a major Buckhead office complex called Atlanta Financial Center. This will include Robinson-Humphrey's corporate headquarters.

XEROX OPENS STORES IN ATLANTA AREA

Xerox Corporation has opened two retail stores at Lenox Square and Northlake Mall. The company also has a third store located in Smyrna that opened in April of this year. The stores are designed to sell Xerox copiers, word processors, and small business computers as well as other brands such as Apple Computer, Casio, Hewlett Packard and Panasonic. It is predicted that each store will do \$1 million in sales starting in 1982.

MULTI-PURPOSE COMPLEX AT VININGS

Trammel Crow, a Dallas-based developer, has begun work on an 80-acre office, residential and commercial complex at Vinings Mountain near Cumberland Mall. The site will be occupied by a seven-story, 147,000 square-foot luxury office building, a second office building of ten stories, and a 280-unit apartment complex to be called Woodridge at Cumberland, which will be expanded later to 400 units.

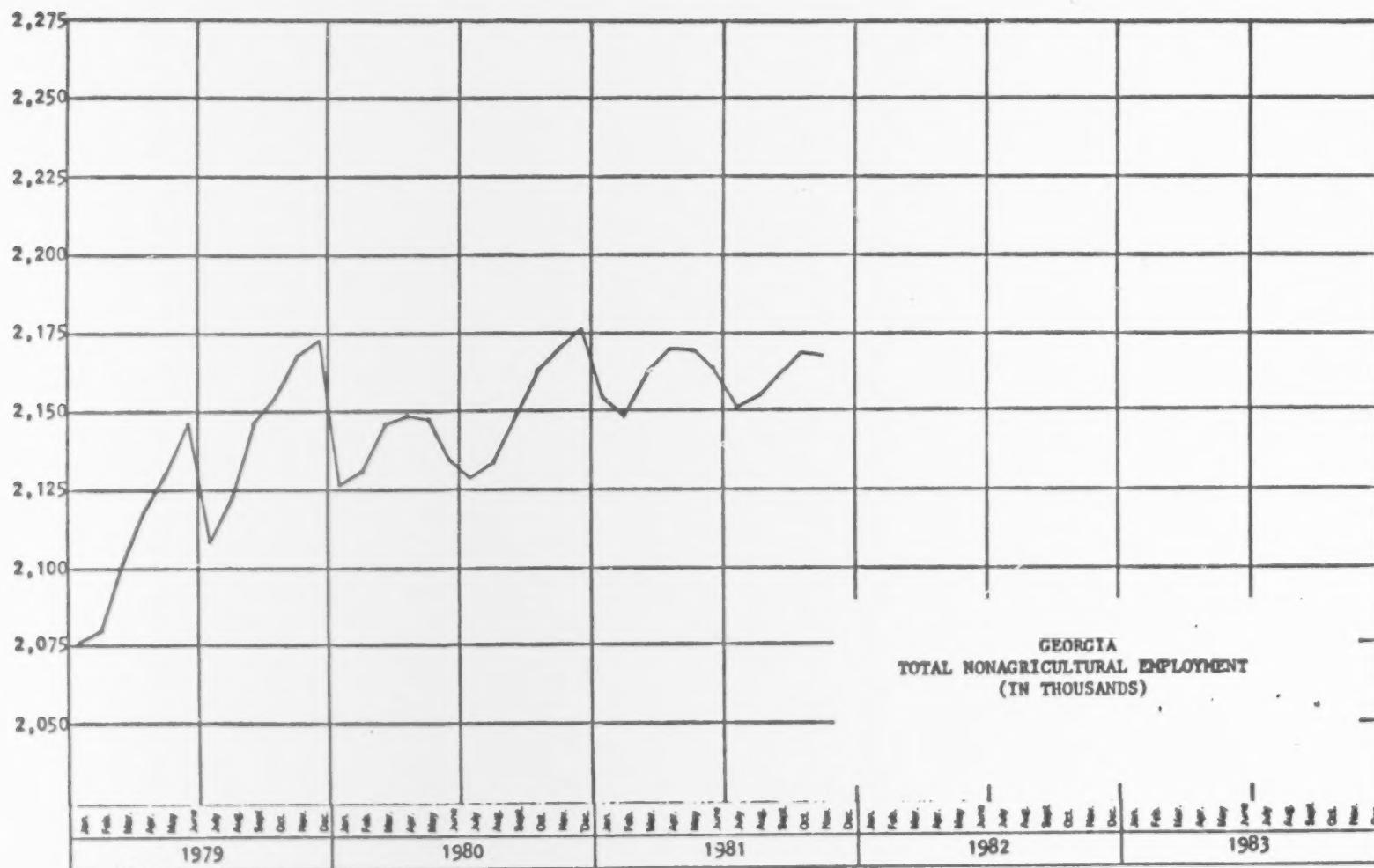
CUSTOMER SERVICE CENTER TO OPEN IN ATLANTA

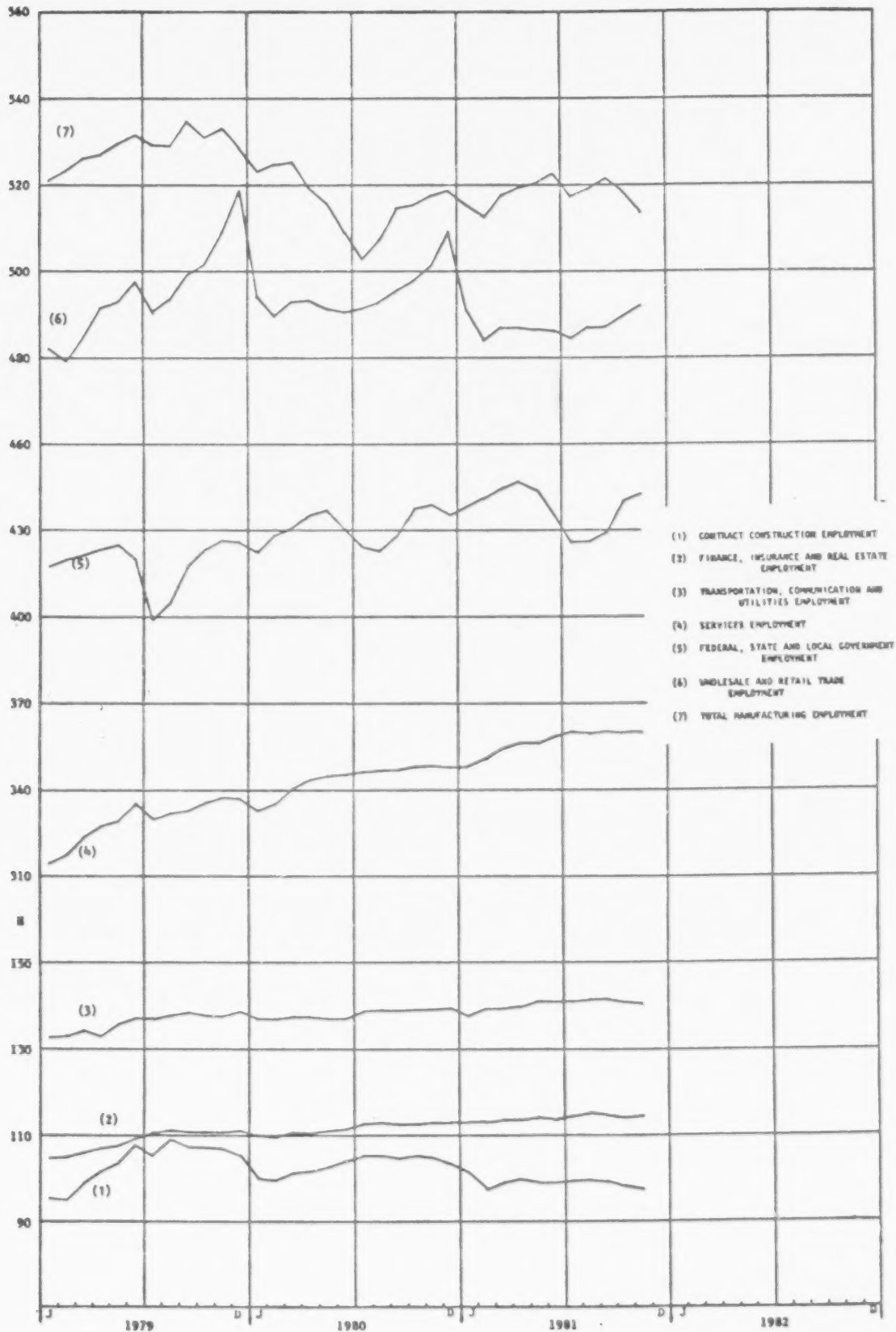
Boston-based Digital Equipment Corporation, which manufactures computers and related equipment, is opening a customer service center at Interstate North Office Park in northwest Atlanta. Digital will occupy 75,000 square feet of space and will employ 400 people.

NORTH CAROLINA FIRM MOVING TO ATLANTA

Engraph incorporated announced plans to transfer its executive headquarters from Charlotte, North Carolina to Atlanta. The company designs and manufactures custom packaging, product identification and promotional materials. The firm currently operates 10 manufacturing facilities in Atlanta, Charlotte, Chicago, Knoxville, Richmond and Los Angeles. Some of their customers include Coca-Cola, Gillette, Frito-Lay, Cannon, and Eveready. The move will take place in May.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3146





GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT
(in thousands)

GEORGIA		Net Change in Jobs				
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month
		NOV 1981	OCT 1981	NOV 1980		
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,167.3	2,168.2	2,170.6	-.9	-3.3
Manufacturing	300005	513.7	517.7	517.8	-4.0	-4.1
Durable Goods	300025	184.4	185.9	184.8	-1.5	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	28.0	28.5	29.1	-.5	-1.1
Logging Camps, Sawmills and Planing Mills	324195	13.8	14.0	14.8	-.2	-1.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.6	9.7	9.1	-.1	.5
Household Furniture	325105	7.1	7.1	6.8	.0	.3
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	17.9	18.2	18.4	-.3	-.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	17.0	17.1	16.4	-.1	.6
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	20.3	20.5	20.8	-.2	-.5
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	21.5	21.6	22.5	-.1	-1.0
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	21.3	21.4	20.5	-.1	.8
Transportation Equipment	337005	37.0	37.1	36.8	-.1	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	11.7	11.9	11.2	-.2	.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	329.3	331.7	333.0	-2.4	-3.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	59.0	59.4	58.4	-.4	.6
Metal Products	420105	21.1	21.2	21.4	-.1	-.3
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.3	15.4	15.5	-.1	-.2
Dairy Products	420205	4.4	4.4	4.4	.0	.0
Bakery Products	420505	9.4	9.4	9.1	.0	.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	110.0	110.1	114.6	-.1	-4.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	25.9	26.1	28.3	-.2	-2.4
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	4.4	4.3	4.3	.1	.1
Knitting Mills	422505	8.8	9.1	9.3	-.3	-.5
Floor Covering Mills	422705	29.8	30.2	30.0	-.4	-.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.4	20.5	22.5	.9	-1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	71.7	72.9	72.6	-1.2	-.9
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.4	40.0	39.3	-.6	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.4	21.9	22.0	-.5	-.6
Paper and Allied Products	426005	28.7	29.2	28.2	-.5	.5
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	14.1	14.3	13.9	-.2	.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.7	6.8	6.4	-.1	.3
Printing and Publishing	427005	23.2	23.3	23.3	-.1	-.1
Commercial Printing	427505	8.5	8.5	8.5	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.1	17.1	16.7	.0	.4
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	17.0	17.3	16.8	-.3	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,653.6	1,650.5	1,652.9	3.1	.7
Mining	100005	7.7	7.7	7.6	.0	.1
Contract Construction	200005	97.5	98.4	104.7	-.9	-7.2
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	140.2	140.7	139.2	-.5	1.0
Transportation	500015	83.4	84.0	83.3	-.6	.1
Communication (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	548005	36.1	36.1	35.9	.0	.2
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Service	549005	20.7	20.6	20.1	.1	.6

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

GEORGIA					Net Change in jobs	
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1981	Previous Month Month	Current Month Year ago
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	492.0	489.7	501.0	2.3	-9.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	157.0	158.8	158.0	-1.8	-1.0
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	97.1	97.8	97.4	-.7	-.3
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	59.9	61.0	60.7	-1.1	-.8
Retail Trade	652005	335.0	330.9	342.9	4.1	-7.9
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	114.5	114.2	112.8	.3	1.7
Finance	760025	50.1	49.9	47.9	.2	2.2
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	40.4	40.3	40.7	.1	-.3
Real Estate	765075	24.0	24.0	24.1	.0	-.1
Services	800005	359.5	359.8	348.8	-3	10.7
Government	998008	442.1	439.9	438.9	2.2	3.2
Federal	998011	88.7	88.3	84.1	.4	4.6
State and Local	998509	353.4	351.6	354.8	1.8	-1.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. These estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

PRODUCTION WORKERS (in thousands)

GEORGIA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	393.1	396.0	397.1	-2.9	-4.0
Durable Goods	300025	137.8	138.9	139.0	-1.1	-1.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	255.3	257.1	258.2	-1.8	-2.9
Selected Industries						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	41.0	41.5	40.2	-.5	.8
Textile Mill Products	422005	92.5	92.5	97.0	.0	-4.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.1	23.3	25.5	-.2	-2.4
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.8	3.7	3.7	.1	.1
Knitting Mills	422505	7.2	7.4	7.7	-.2	-.5
Floor Covering Mills	422705	24.7	25.0	25.0	-.3	-.3
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.7	17.9	19.9	.8	-1.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	60.9	61.7	61.8	-.8	-.9
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.1	34.6	34.0	-.5	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	17.8	18.2	18.3	-.4	-.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	23.0	23.4	24.1	-.4	-1.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.8	7.9	7.5	-.1	.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	22.4	22.7	21.9	-.3	.5
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.6	10.7	10.6	-.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.8	10.7	10.3	.1	.5
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	13.9	14.2	14.2	-.3	-.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	12.0	12.0	11.4	.0	.6
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	16.0	16.2	16.4	-.2	-.4
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	15.4	15.4	16.5	.0	-1.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	13.3	13.3	12.7	.0	.6
Transportation Equipment	337005	26.2	26.3	26.4	-.1	-.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
		Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80
Total Manufacturing	300005	\$262.14	\$262.54	\$244.61	39.9	39.9	40.7	\$6.57	\$6.58	\$6.01
Durable Goods	300025	305.59	309.41	277.83	40.8	41.2	40.5	7.49	7.51	6.86
Nondurable Goods	400015	238.37	237.55	225.89	39.4	39.2	40.7	6.05	6.06	5.55
Selected Industries										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	\$233.43	\$231.86	\$218.20	39.1	39.1	39.6	\$5.97	\$5.93	\$5.51
Textile Mill Products	422005	225.37	224.40	216.30	39.4	39.3	41.2	5.72	5.71	5.25
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	237.86	232.93	230.11	40.8	40.3	42.3	5.83	5.78	5.44
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	261.04	270.07	246.60	41.9	42.8	41.1	6.23	6.31	6.00
Knitting Mills	422505	194.43	181.71	192.24	37.9	35.7	41.7	5.13	5.09	4.61
Floor Covering Mills	422705	218.09	222.30	214.45	38.6	39.0	41.4	5.65	5.70	5.18
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	216.58	216.40	211.20	37.6	37.7	40.0	5.76	5.74	5.28
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	165.39	162.06	158.24	37.0	36.5	38.5	4.47	4.44	4.11
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	166.73	163.32	153.82	37.3	36.7	37.7	4.47	4.45	4.08
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	160.37	153.91	153.58	36.2	35.3	38.3	4.43	4.36	4.01
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	200.97	199.58	194.58	39.1	39.6	41.4	5.14	5.04	4.70
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	191.39	183.11	196.27	39.3	37.6	42.3	4.87	4.87	4.64
Paper and Allied Products	426005	396.03	412.27	375.41	41.6	42.9	43.2	9.52	9.61	8.69
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	464.61	465.72	431.16	42.9	42.3	45.1	10.83	11.01	9.56
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	330.24	326.56	299.44	43.0	42.8	42.9	7.68	7.63	6.98
Leather and Leather Products	431005	159.80	163.80	154.42	36.4	39.0	41.4	4.39	4.20	3.73
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	288.84	285.23	285.14	41.5	41.1	43.6	6.96	6.94	6.54
Primary Metal Industries	333005	355.66	351.90	334.62	41.5	41.4	42.9	8.57	8.50	7.80
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	277.01	277.78	261.12	39.8	40.2	40.8	6.96	6.91	6.40
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	295.64	306.15	258.08	38.0	39.3	36.4	7.78	7.79	7.09
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	345.50	353.41	283.41	48.8	50.2	40.2	7.08	7.04	7.05
Transportation Equipment	337005	457.56	469.48	399.91	41.0	41.4	39.4	11.16	11.34	10.15

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

LABOR TURNOVER RATES

GEORGIA	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Accession Rates									Separation Rates								
			Total			New Hires			Recalls			Total			Quits			Layoffs		
			Current			Current			Current			Current			Current			Current		
			Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Month	Previous Month	Year ago
			NOV 81	OCT 81	NOV 80	NOV 81	OCT 81	NOV 80	NOV 81	OCT 81	NOV 80	NOV 81	OCT 81	NOV 80	NOV 81	OCT 81	NOV 80	NOV 81	OCT 81	NOV 80
	All Manufacturing	300005	2.1	2.6	2.5	1.5	2.0	1.9	.4	.4	3	3.2	3.4	2.6	1.2	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.0	5
	Durable Goods	300025	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.1	1.5	1.5	4	3	2	3.6	2.7	1.9	8	1.0	.9	2.0	1.0	5
	Nondurable Goods	400015	2.4	2.9	2.7	1.6	2.2	2.1	5	5	3	3.1	3.7	2.8	1.3	1.9	1.7	1.0	9	5
	Selected Industries:																			
	Food & Kindred Products	420005	2.9	4.2	3.8	1.6	2.5	2.8	1.0	1.1	4	4.7	5.0	4.4	1.6	2.6	2.0	2.2	1.3	1.1
	Textile Mill Products	422005	1.5	2.0	2.2	1.2	1.6	1.8	.1	.2	2	2.4	3.2	2.3	1.1	1.6	1.6	.8	1.1	.1
	Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	2.1	2.8	2.7	1.7	2.2	2.2	.0	.2	.1	2.7	3.1	2.5	1.4	1.8	1.7	.5	.2	.1
	Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	1.7	1.8	2.9	1.2	1.5	2.3	.2	.0	.3	1.3	1.6	2.2	.8	1.2	1.6	.1	.1	.3
	Knitting Mills	422505	3.9	3.9	3.3	3.4	3.3	2.3	.1	.4	.9	3.5	4.3	2.4	2.7	2.5	1.8	0	.9	.2
	Floor Covering Mills	422705	1.0	1.4	2.0	.8	1.2	1.7	.1	.0	.2	2.4	3.3	2.4	.8	1.1	1.7	1.2	1.5	.2
	Yarn & Thread Mills	422805	1.0	1.5	1.8	.9	1.2	1.6	.1	.3	.1	2.8	3.8	2.1	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.4	2.0	0
	Apparel & Other Textile Products	423005	4.2	4.5	3.7	2.9	3.6	3.0	.7	.8	.4	4.2	4.6	3.9	2.1	3.2	2.6	.7	.6	.6
	Men's & Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	4.1	3.1	2.8	3.3	2.7	.5	.6	.2	3.6	3.6	3.4	2.1	2.7	2.5	.6	.3	.5
	Women's & Children's Clothing	423335	4.4	4.4	4.6	2.5	3.4	3.4	1.5	.8	.7	3.9	5.9	5.0	2.0	3.8	3.4	1.1	1.1	.6
	Lumber & Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.9	3.3	1.8	2.2	2.9	.9	.5	.4	5.5	8.1	3.3	1.9	2.1	2.1	3.0	5.0	.3
	Furniture & Fixtures	325005	3.1	2.1	4.1	2.2	1.7	2.7	.7	.2	1.4	3.9	3.7	3.4	1.5	1.7	2.1	1.8	1.0	.6
	Paper & Allied Products	426005	1.2	1.4	.9	.4	.6	.6	.5	.6	.1	1.7	2.1	1.0	.3	.7	.4	.8	1.1	.4
	Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	426135	.3	.8	.7	.2	.5	.5	.1	.2	.2	.7	1.2	.8	.1	.5	.4	.2	.5	.3
	Paperboard Containers & Boxes	426505	1.3	2.0	1.7	.3	.8	1.2	.9	1.0	.2	3.9	2.4	1.9	.7	.4	.5	3.0	1.8	1.0
	Printing, Publishing & Allied Industries	427005	1.6	2.5	2.3	1.6	2.0	2.2	.0	.6	.1	1.8	4.0	2.3	.8	1.9	1.4	.5	1.6	.5
	Chemicals & Allied Products	428005	1.6	1.5	1.5	.8	1.2	1.2	.6	.2	.1	1.9	1.9	1.0	.6	1.0	.4	.5	.2	.0
	Leather & Leather Products	431005	2.0	6.7	2.4	2.0	6.3	2.4	.0	.0	.0	11.0	7.2	5.8	2.7	4.7	2.7	7.4	.2	1.6
	Stone, Clay & Glass Products	332005	.1	1.0	2.6	.1	.6	1.8	.0	.3	.5	.2	3.2	2.2	.1	.6	1.0	0	1.5	.4
	Primary Metal Industries	333005	.6	3.0	1.6	.3	2.7	1.5	.3	.0	.1	5.6	2.0	1.3	.7	.6	.6	2.5	.6	.0
	Fabricated Metal Products	334005	2.3	2.9	1.9	1.8	2.4	1.6	.2	.4	.2	4.8	4.2	2.8	1.4	2.1	1.3	2.7	1.6	.9
	Machinery, except Electrical	335005	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.2	.2	.3	.2	1.4	2.1	2.4	.3	.7	.8	.3	.5	1.3
	Electric & Electronic Equipment	336005	1.5	1.2	1.6	.5	.5	.8	.4	.2	.2	1.3	3.6	1.3	.2	.3	.3	.6	2.4	.0
	Transportation Equipment	337005	1.2	.9	1.0	.5	.5	.7	.6	.3	.1	2.8	1.3	.9	.3	.4	.3	2.2	.5	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA'S NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ROSE 2,300 IN NOVEMBER

Atlanta's nonfarm employment rose 2,300 from October to November reaching a level of 977,600. Nonmanufacturing supplied the employment increment due to seasonal gains in retail trade and advances in some of the service industries and government.

Durable and nondurable goods shared equally in the 400 loss in manufacturing jobs. The greatest fluctuations occurred among the durable goods industries with a drop of 300 in stone, clay and glass products and a gain of 300 in electric and electronic equipment. Minor changes were reported by the industries in the nondurable goods category.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 832,600, rose 2,700 during the month. Retail trade, up 2,900, experienced the usual seasonal gains in department stores, food stores, eating establishments, miscellaneous retail trade and mail order houses. Slight declines occurred in automobile dealerships, apparel and accessories and furniture stores. The wholesale sector of trade declined in both durable and nondurable goods. The increase in the service industry was shared equally by hotels, business services, medical and health services and private education. Government gains were provided by the postal service in the federal sector and local governments and local education contributed to the rise in the state and local sector.

Over the year, total manufacturing remained virtually at the same level. The same was true for each of the two divisions, durable and nondurable goods manufacturing, due to offsetting fluctuations within each category.

From a year ago, nonmanufacturing rose 4,900 with transportation and public utilities and services providing nearly all the gain. Construction and trade recorded the only declines over the year. All three segments of construction (general building, heavy, and special trades) contributed to the total drop of 3,200. The retail sector of trade accounted for the 3,000 fewer jobs in trade.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Decatur-based American Technical Services, Incorporated, a provider of instrumentation services, is building a 40,000 square-foot new corporate headquarters in Royal Atlanta Office Park. The facility will house a total of 75 people including engineers, technicians, draftsmen, office personnel and management in addition to a warehouse and manufacturing area.

McFadden Business Publications, Incorporated, the nation's largest publisher of bank directories, has moved its national headquarters to a new building on Crooked Creek Road near the Peachtree corners area of suburban Gwinnett County.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst Wendell N. Moss (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

ATLANTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	977.6	975.3	972.9	2.3	4.7
Manufacturing	300005	145.0	145.4	145.2	-.4	-.2
Durable Goods	300025	73.6	73.8	74.0	-.2	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.9	2.9	-.2	-.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.3	3.3	-.1	-.1
Household Furniture	325105	1.8	1.9	2.0	-.1	-.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	7.5	7.8	8.1	-.3	-.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.4	5.4	4.9	.0	.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	8.0	8.0	7.9	.0	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.4	7.3	7.7	.1	-.3
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.0	10.7	10.7	.3	.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	25.1	25.0	24.9	.1	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.4	3.4	3.6	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	71.4	71.6	71.2	-.2	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.5	18.3	18.1	.2	.4
Meat Products	420105	5.0	5.0	5.2	.0	-.2
Bakery Products	420505	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	5.6	5.6	6.6	.0	-1.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	2.4	2.4	3.5	.0	-1.1
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.5	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	9.3	9.4	9.8	-.1	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.8	3.8	3.9	.0	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	3.4	3.5	3.8	-.1	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	8.3	8.5	8.1	-.2	.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.6	4.7	4.2	-.1	.4
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.2	16.2	15.5	.0	.7
Commercial Printing	427505	6.5	6.6	6.4	-.1	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.3	7.2	7.2	.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.4	5.9	-.1	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	832.6	830.0	827.7	2.6	4.9
Contract Construction	200005	40.9	41.3	44.1	-.4	-3.2
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	87.5	87.8	86.1	-.3	1.4
Transportation	500015	56.6	57.0	56.1	-.4	.5
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	265.0	263.4	268.0	1.6	-3.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	103.7	105.0	102.6	-1.3	1.1
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	69.7	70.6	69.8	-.9	-.1
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	34.0	34.4	32.7	-.4	1.3
Retail Trade	652005	161.3	158.4	165.4	2.9	-4.1
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	69.3	69.1	69.1	.2	.2

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

ATLANTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Finance	760025	26.4	26.4	25.2	.0	1.2
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	25.4	25.2	26.0	.2	-.6
Services	800055	207.9	207.1	198.4	.8	9.5
Government	998008	162.2	161.3	162.1	.9	.1
Federal	998011	34.4	34.1	32.5	.3	1.9
State and Local	998509	127.8	127.3	129.5	.5	-1.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

PRODUCTION WORKERS (in thousands)

ATLANTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	98.5	98.7	99.0	-.2	-.5
Durable Goods	300025	49.9	50.0	50.6	-.1	-.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	48.6	48.7	48.4	-.1	.2
Selected Industries						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.9	11.7	11.2	.2	.7
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.5	4.5	5.6	.0	-1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	7.4	7.5	7.9	-.1	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.2	3.2	3.4	.0	-.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.7	2.8	2.9	-.1	-.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.2	2.3	2.4	-.1	-.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	2.2	2.3	2.3	-.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.3	6.5	6.2	-.2	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.3	3.4	3.0	-.1	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	423005	3.9	3.8	3.8	.1	.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	5.8	6.0	6.2	-.2	-.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.6	3.6	3.1	.0	.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	5.7	5.6	5.5	.1	.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	4.3	4.3	4.6	.0	-.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	17.0	17.0	17.4	.0	-.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

HOURS AND EARNINGS

ATLANTA	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
			Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80
	Total Manufacturing	300005	\$319.14	\$318.76	\$279.42	40.5	40.4	39.3	\$7.88	\$7.89	\$7.11
	Durable Goods	300025	373.35	374.83	320.97	41.3	41.1	39.0	9.04	9.12	8.23
	Nondurable Goods	400015	262.94	261.62	236.61	39.6	39.7	39.7	6.64	6.59	5.96
	Selected Industries:										
	Food & Kindred Products	420005	\$250.67	\$245.75	\$220.43	39.6	38.7	36.8	\$6.33	\$6.35	\$5.99
	Textile Mill Products	422005	196.70	204.78	202.79	35.0	37.3	39.3	5.62	5.49	5.16
	Apparel & Other Textile Products	423005	169.28	166.62	168.17	36.8	36.7	39.2	4.60	4.54	4.29
	Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	164.87	164.87	175.98	37.3	37.3	41.8	4.42	4.42	4.21
	Women's & Children's Clothing	423335	168.63	158.95	146.36	36.5	35.8	34.6	4.62	4.44	4.23
	Lumber & Wood Products	324005	185.38	181.23	206.93	37.3	37.6	43.2	4.97	4.82	4.79
	Furniture & Fixtures	325005	232.96	220.15	199.00	41.6	40.1	41.2	5.60	5.49	4.83
	Paper & Allied Products	426005	314.65	322.28	320.23	40.6	41.8	44.6	7.75	7.71	7.18
	Paperboard Containers & Boxes	426505	278.00	277.60	318.86	40.0	40.0	43.8	6.95	6.94	7.28
	Chemicals & Allied Products	428005	314.40	320.88	259.53	40.0	42.0	36.4	7.86	7.64	7.13
	Stone, Clay & Glass Products	332005	289.92	283.06	238.50	40.1	39.7	37.5	7.23	7.13	6.36
	Primary Metal Industries	333005	503.74	495.88	410.59	44.5	44.0	41.1	11.32	11.27	9.99
	Fabricated Metal Products	334005	292.87	288.41	280.59	39.9	37.8	39.8	7.34	7.63	7.05
	Machinery, except Electrical	335005	306.69	284.20	216.38	41.5	39.2	33.6	7.39	7.25	6.44
	Transportation Equipment	337005	486.25	508.80	440.95	38.9	40.0	39.3	12.50	12.72	11.22

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

LABOR TURNOVER RATES

ATLANTA	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Accession Rate									Separation Rates								
			Total			New Hire			Recalls			Total			Quits			Layoffs		
			Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80
	All Manufacturing	300005	1.8	2.6	2.0	1.2	2.0	1.7	.4	.5	.2	2.8	2.7	2.4	.8	1.2	1.2	1.4	.8	.8
	Durable Goods	300075	1.5	1.9	1.7	.9	1.5	1.3	.5	.4	.2	2.7	1.9	2.1	.7	.7	.7	1.5	.7	1.0
	Nondurable Goods	400095	2.2	3.4	2.4	1.5	2.5	2.1	.4	.7	.2	2.9	3.6	2.7	1.0	1.8	1.6	1.2	1.0	.6
	Selected Industries:																			
	Food & Kindred Products	420005	2.2	2.4	.9	1.4	1.5	.6	.4	.6	.2	3.3	3.2	2.4	.5	1.3	.8	2.0	1.1	1.0
	Textile Mill Products	422005	3.2	3.9	3.1	2.7	3.5	2.9	.1	.4	.2	3.0	3.2	2.6	2.1	2.4	1.7	.2	.2	.1
	Apparel & Other Textile Products	423005	.3	10.0	6.5	.3	6.4	6.2	.0	3.5	.3	.4	3.9	6.3	.2	2.6	6.0	.1	.0	.0
	Furniture & Fixtures	325005	3.8	2.1	9.9	2.6	1.1	6.9	1.3	1.0	3.0	2.3	1.6	6.9	.9	.6	4.5	.1	.4	1.1
	Paper & Allied Products	426005	2.5	2.3	1.7	.3	1.1	1.4	1.2	.9	.1	2.8	4.4	2.1	.7	.9	.6	.9	3.2	1.0
	Printing & Publishing	427005	1.7	2.9	3.2	1.7	2.3	3.1	.0	.6	.1	2.0	2.9	1.9	.9	1.7	1.3	.6	.4	.1
	Chemicals & Allied Products	428005	1.3	3.3	1.2	1.1	3.0	1.1	.0	.1	.0	1.0	3.7	1.0	.4	2.0	.4	.0	.2	.1
	Primary Metal Industries	333005	1.7	2.8	.7	.5	2.5	.5	1.1	.0	.0	5.3	1.2	.4	.3	.1	.2	4.8	.7	.0
	Machinery, except Electrical	335005	1.2	2.9	1.1	1.0	2.0	1.0	.1	.9	.2	.9	2.3	2.2	.4	.8	.6	.1	.6	1.2
	Transportation Equipment	337005	.8	.7	.8	.1	.2	.5	.7	.5	.1	2.9	1.2	.8	.1	.3	.2	2.5	.6	.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

NONMANUFACTURING GAINS IN ALBANY EMPLOYMENT

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area, at 45,300, registered a gain of 200 over the month and 1,000 for the year. The monthly gain was in nonmanufacturing while manufacturing declined slightly. Over the year, gains were recorded in both major industry divisions.

Manufacturing, at 10,800, was down from the previous month. This was due to small losses in the food and textile industries, both of which are in the nondurable goods segment. Annually, a gain of 300 was recorded in manufacturing. "Other nondurable goods" and metals and machinery were both up over the year while food and textiles were down.

Nonmanufacturing, at 34,500, gained 300 during the month and 700 over the year. All of the month's gains were in the trade division. Yearly gains were also primarily in trade with additional gains in services and finance, insurance and real estate. Contract construction, still suffering from high interest rates, was unchanged over the year. Employment in the industry was estimated at 3,100 in November. Transportation, communications and utilities, at 2,100, was unchanged over the month and reported a loss for the year. Finance, insurance and real estate was also unchanged during the month. Over the year a gain was recorded in the industry. Services, also unchanged in November, was up 300 for the year. Trade, at 10,400, gained 200 for the month and 600 during the year. Both gains were primarily in the retail segment while the wholesale segment was up 100 for the month. Government, at 10,400, was unchanged over the month and down for the year.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

A RISE OF 300 JOBS IN AUGUSTA

Employment in November rose to 124,600 representing a gain of 300 jobs over the month. Increases in trade outpaced losses sustained in construction. Annually, employment climbed 500. Increments in manufacturing, government, and services and mining overcame declines in trade and construction.

Manufacturing, at 36,100, was unchanged over the month but rose 200 over the year. Stone, clay and glass products rose 300 with scattered increments. Metals and machinery rose 100 with more business in machine tools. "Other durable goods" dropped 100 in transportation equipment. Textile mill products lost 700 among broad woven goods. Apparel declined 100 with scattered decrements. "Other nondurable goods" rose 600 mostly in chemicals.

Construction, at 4,600, declined 100 over the month as projects were completed. This division dropped 800 over the year for the same reason. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Trade, at 23,500, climbed 400 over the month due to the Christmas season. This division dropped 100 over the year because of the recession. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,400, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Services and mining, at 18,700, was unchanged over the month but rose 300 over the year with the opening of new firms. Government, at 32,900, was unchanged over the month but climbed 900 over the year. The increase was concentrated in the state and local subdivision.

OUTLOOK: Much depends on the decline of interest rates. Until they tumble enough to stimulate housing construction and automobile manufacturing, little economic recovery is anticipated. Trade will gain some through December and experience the usual layoffs in January and February. Locally, construction will climb through the year because of new projects already contracted. Some increase in manufacturing will occur during the next calendar year because of the start up of new firms.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington (404) 828-3131.

TRADE ACCOUNTS FOR COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT INCREASE

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment rose 300 in November to 78,900. Nonmanufacturing accounted for all of the net increase. The most significant increment was in trade, which experienced a gain of 500. Gains of 100 each were noted in government and in food and kindred products. Losses of 100 each were noted in government and in food and kindred products. Losses of 100 each occurred in metals and machinery, apparel and other finished products, contract construction, transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, and in service and miscellaneous. All other groups remained constant.

From November, 1980, employment in the Columbus SMSA declined 1,000. Losses totaled 600 in manufacturing and 400 in nonmanufacturing. Losses of 100 each were noted in stone, clay and glass products, "other durable goods," and in printing and publishing. Textile mill products, transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, and trade declined by 200 workers each. Metals and machinery employment, which lost 400 workers, suffered the largest manufacturing loss while state and local government experienced the largest drop in nonmanufacturing employment with the loss of 1,100 workers due to cuts in federal funding. Increases in employment over the year were registered in food and kindred products, apparel and other finished textile products, contract construction, finance, insurance and real estate, service and miscellaneous industries, and in federal government.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7422.

MACON'S EMPLOYMENT OF 97,200 UP 400 FROM OCTOBER

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 97,200 in November. The current preliminary estimate was up 400 from October and down 400 from November 1980. During the month, manufacturing declined 200 with durable goods remaining unchanged and nondurable goods dropping 200. Nonmanufacturing gained 600 with increases in construction, trade and government. Services was down slightly with transportation, communications, and public utilities and finance, insurance and real estate remaining unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing added 300 with most of the increase in durable goods. Nonmanufacturing declined 800 with losses in construction, trade and government being partially offset by an increase in finance, insurance and real estate. Transportation, communications, and public utilities and services were unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 15,800, was down 200 from last month and up 300 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods was unchanged and nondurable goods dropped 200 with losses in food, paper, and "other durable goods." Annually, durable goods rose 300 with a gain in "other durable goods" being partially offset by a loss in lumber and wood products. Nondurable goods gained 100 with increases in apparel and paper. Textiles was down with food, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods" being unchanged.

Construction, at 4,900, was up 200 from October and down 300 from a year ago. During the month, most of the increase was in general construction. Annually, general construction and heavy construction registered losses with special trades construction recording an increase. Transportation, communications, and public utilities, at 4,500, was unchanged during all reporting periods. Trade, at 19,500, was up 300 last month and down 500 from November 1980. Most of the monthly advance was due to temporary hiring for the Christmas season at retail stores. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 6,100, was unchanged from October and up 300 from November 1980. Most of the annual increase was in insurance. Services, at 16,600, was down from last month and unchanged from a year ago. Most of the monthly decrease was in "other covered services." Government, at 29,800, was up 300 from October and down 300 from a year ago. During the month both the federal and the state and local segments advanced. Annually, an increase in the federal segment partially offset a decline in the state and local segment.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

SAVANNAH'S DECLINE CONFINED TO MANUFACTURING

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA declined slightly over the month. The overall loss of 200 was confined to the manufacturing sector, however, there were some losses which occurred in the nonmanufacturing sector. Over the year, total employment continued to show a large increase of 3,000. Over the year, manufacturing employment has remained fairly stable. Nonmanufacturing employment has been responsible for almost all of the yearly gain.

Contract construction is beginning to show some signs of weakness. This weakness will begin to show itself more prominently in the months to come. However, to date, the construction sector has remained surprisingly stable over the last two quarters. Commercial construction has been the primary impetus to high employment levels in this sector.

Manufacturing has also demonstrated a surprisingly high level of stability over the previous two quarters. Although this trend can reverse itself rather abruptly, employment in this sector is expected to decline only moderately over the next few months.

Within the nonmanufacturing sector, several areas have shown some strong growth over the year. Retail trade continues to demonstrate strong growth trends. Over the last seven years this sector has grown approximately 2.2 percent or 4.5 percent a year. Although scattered losses are expected within this sector after January 1982, it is expected that employment will continue to grow into the next year although at a smaller rate.

The service sector has grown due primarily to the growth of the health areas and the hotel and motel area. Between 1974 and June 1981, employment in the health services area and the hotel and motel area. Between 1974 and June 1981, employment in the health services area has grown approximately 48 percent. The hotels and motels area has grown approximately 45 percent over the same time span. Over the last year, one new hospital building (replacement for older structure) and one new hotel were built. Several motels were also built.

The area of government employment is presently in a state of confusion. As the federal government continues to shift responsibilities back to the state governments, employment levels in both these sectors will shift, however, the lag time is uncertain.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James Taggart, (912) 944-2131

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (IN THOUSANDS)

ALBANY INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	45.3	45.1	44.3	.2	1.0
Manufacturing	300005	10.3	10.9	10.5	-.1	.3
Durable Goods	300025	1.8	1.8	1.6	.0	.2
Primary and Fabricated Metals, Machine	333055	.8	.8	.5	.0	.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.1	9.1	8.8	.0	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.1	2.2	2.3	-.1	-.2
Textiles and Apparel	422015	1.7	1.8	1.8	-.1	-.1
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.7	4.7	4.3	.0	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	34.5	34.2	33.8	.3	.7
Contract Construction	200005	3.1	3.1	3.1	.0	.0
Transportation, Communication and Utilities	500005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.4	10.2	9.8	.2	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.2	3.1	3.2	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	7.2	7.0	6.6	.2	.6
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	6.6	6.6	6.3	.0	.3
Government	998008	10.4	10.4	10.5	.0	-.1
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	3.0	.0	-.1
State and Local	998509	7.4	7.4	7.5	.0	-.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (IN THOUSANDS)

AUGUSTA	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs			
			Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month Year ago
	Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	124.6	124.3	124.1	.5
	Manufacturing	300005	36.1	36.1	35.9	.2
	Durable Goods	300025	9.0	9.0	8.7	.3
	Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0
	Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	3.7	3.7	3.4	.3
	Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.1	2.1	2.0	.1
	Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.5	2.6	-.1
	Nondurable Goods	400015	27.1	27.1	27.3	-.2
	Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0
	Textile Mill Products	422005	9.9	9.9	10.6	-.7
	Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.6	2.6	2.7	-.1
	Printing and Publishing	427005	.7	.7	.6	.1
	Other Nondurable Goods	499915	11.4	11.4	10.8	.6
	Nonmanufacturing	000060	88.5	88.2	88.2	.3
	Contract Construction	200005	4.6	4.7	5.4	-.1
	Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.4	4.4	.0
	Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	23.5	23.1	23.6	-.1
	Wholesale Trade	650005	4.4	4.0	4.0	.4
	Retail Trade	652005	19.1	19.1	19.6	-.5
	Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.4	4.4	4.4	.0
	Services and Mining	800055	18.7	18.7	18.4	.3
	Government	998008	32.9	32.9	32.0	.9
	Federal	998011	7.0	7.0	7.0	.0
	State and Local	998509	25.9	25.9	25.1	.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

COLUMBUS INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	78.9	78.6	79.9	.3	-1.0
Manufacturing	300005	20.8	20.9	21.4	-.1	-.6
Durable Goods	300025	5.6	5.7	6.1	-.1	-.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.6	.0	-.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	4.3	4.4	4.7	-.1	-.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.4	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.2	15.2	15.3	.0	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.8	3.6	.1	.3
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.4	8.4	8.6	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Products	423005	.8	.9	.7	-.1	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	58.1	57.7	58.5	.4	-.4
Contract Construction	200005	4.0	4.1	3.8	-.1	.2
Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.2	3.3	3.4	-.1	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	15.9	15.4	16.1	.5	-.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	13.7	13.3	13.8	.4	-.1
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	5.6	5.6	5.5	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	10.9	11.0	10.8	-.1	.1
Government	998008	18.3	18.2	19.0	.1	-.7
Federal	998011	6.3	6.2	5.9	.1	.4
State and Local	998509	12.0	11.9	13.1	.1	-1.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

MACON	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs			
			Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month Current Month Year ago
	Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	97.2	96.8	97.6	.4
	Manufacturing	300005	15.8	16.0	15.5	-.2
	Durable Goods	300025	5.4	5.4	5.1	.0
	Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.7	.0
	Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0
	Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0
	Other Durable Goods	399915	3.5	3.5	3.2	.0
	Nondurable Goods	400015	10.4	10.6	10.3	-.2
	Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.8	2.7	-.1
	Textile Mills Products	422005	1.3	1.3	1.4	.0
	Apparel and Other Finished Textile Products	423005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0
	Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.3	2.1	-.1
	Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0
	Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.0	2.1	2.0	-.1
	Nonmanufacturing	000060	81.4	80.8	82.2	.6
	Contract Construction	200005	4.9	4.7	5.2	.2
	Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.5	4.5	4.5	.0
	Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	19.5	19.2	20.0	.3
	Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	5.8	.0
	Services and Mining	800055	16.6	16.7	16.6	-.1
	Government	998008	29.8	29.5	30.1	.3
	Federal	998011	16.3	16.2	16.1	.1
	State and Local	998509	13.5	13.3	14.1	.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

SAVANNAH INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	89.3	89.5	86.3	-.2	3.0
Manufacturing	300005	17.0	17.2	16.9	-.2	.1
Durable Goods	300025	6.6	6.8	6.4	-.2	.2
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.2	1.2	-.1	-.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefab. Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.3	3.4	3.2	-.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.1	2.2	2.1	-.1	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	10.4	10.4	10.5	.0	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.7	4.8	4.9	-.1	-.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	2.2	2.1	2.1	.1	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.0	.9	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.3	72.3	69.4	.0	2.9
Contract Construction	200005	6.3	6.4	6.4	-.1	-.1
Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.1	8.4	8.0	-.3	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	20.5	20.2	19.9	.3	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.3	16.0	15.8	.3	.5
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	16.2	16.0	15.2	.2	1.0
Government	998008	17.0	17.0	15.9	.0	1.1
Federal	998011	2.4	2.5	2.3	-.1	.1
State and Local	998509	14.6	14.5	13.5	.1	1.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

PRODUCTION WORKERS (in thousands)

SAVANNAH							Net Change in Jobs	
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month NOV 1981	Previous Month OCT 1981	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month Year ago OCT 1980	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980	Previous Month Year ago OCT 1980	Current Month Year ago NOV 1980
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.7	11.9	11.8	11.7	— .2	— .1	— .1
Durable Goods	300025	4.8	5.0	4.7	4.6	— .2	— .1	— .1
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.1	0	— .2	— .2
Selected Industries								
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	8	9	9	8	— .1	— .1	— .1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.5	— .1	— .2	— .2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	— .1	— .1	— .1
Transportation Equipment	337005	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.2	— .1	— .1	— .1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

HOURS AND EARNINGS

SAVANNAH		Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80	Current Month NOV 81	Previous Month OCT 81	Current Month Year ago NOV 80
Total Manufacturing	300005	\$346.48	\$339.90	\$340.55	42.1	41.1	44.4	\$8.23	\$8.27	\$7.67
Durable Goods	300025	335.23	319.03	331.36	43.2	42.2	44.9	7.76	7.56	7.38
Nondurable Goods	400015	354.80	354.16	346.28	41.4	40.2	44.0	8.57	8.81	7.87
Selected Industries										
Lumber & Wood Products	324005	\$224.80	\$235.57	\$199.34	40.0	41.4	37.4	\$5.62	\$5.69	\$5.33
Paper & Allied Products	426005	406.85	390.33	400.43	41.6	38.8	44.1	9.78	10.06	9.08
Chemicals & Allied Products	428005	311.16	327.67	322.24	42.8	43.4	46.1	7.27	7.55	6.99
Transportation Equipment	337005	406.75	366.32	371.01	45.6	43.3	45.3	8.92	8.46	8.19

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary November 1981	Revised October 1981	November 1980	Change From	
				Revised October 1981	November 1980
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,461,262	2,481,616	2,396,001	-20,354	65,261
Employed	2,296,608	2,321,268	2,248,037	-24,660	48,571
Unemployed	164,654	160,348	147,964	4,306	16,690
Rate	6.7	6.5	6.2	xxx	xxx
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	51,611	51,632	49,380	-21	2,231
Employed	47,635	47,719	45,411	-84	2,224
Unemployed	3,976	3,913	3,969	63	7
Rate	7.7	7.6	8.0	xxx	xxx
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,007,118	1,006,772	975,758	346	31,360
Employed	951,355	951,493	923,544	-138	27,811
Unemployed	55,763	55,279	52,214	484	3,549
Rate	5.5	5.5	5.4	xxx	xxx
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	126,659	128,163	124,177	-1,504	2,482
Employed	118,084	118,467	115,482	-383	2,602
Unemployed	8,575	9,696	8,695	-1,121	-120
Rate	6.8	7.6	7.0	xxx	xxx
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,224	83,919	82,346	305	1,878
Employed	76,422	76,381	76,139	41	283
Unemployed	7,802	7,538	6,207	264	1,595
Rate	9.3	9.0	7.5	xxx	xxx
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	101,043	100,817	98,418	226	2,625
Employed	94,347	94,295	92,458	52	1,889
Unemployed	6,696	6,522	5,960	174	736
Rate	6.6	6.5	6.1	xxx	xxx
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	93,100	93,199	88,217	-99	4,883
Employed	87,247	87,701	82,267	-454	4,980
Unemployed	5,853	5,498	5,950	355	-97
Rate	6.3	5.9	6.7	xxx	xxx

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

By Place of Residence

Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary November 1981	Revised October 1981	November 1980	Change From	
				Revised October 1981	November 1980
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	126,659	128,163	124,177	-1,504	2,482
Employed	118,084	118,467	115,482	-383	2,602
Unemployed	8,575	9,696	8,695	-1,121	-120
Rate	6.8	7.6	7.0	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,373	84,148	82,299	225	2,074
Employed	79,008	79,066	76,851	-58	2,157
Unemployed	5,365	5,082	5,448	283	-83
Rate	6.4	6.0	6.6	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	42,286	44,015	41,878	-1,729	408
Employed	39,076	39,401	38,631	-325	445
Unemployed	3,210	4,614	3,247	-1,404	-37
Rate	7.6	10.5	7.8	xxx	xxx

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

By Place of Residence

Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Change From				
	Preliminary	Revised		Revised	
	November 1981	October 1981	November 1980	October 1981	November 1980
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,224	83,919	82,346	305	1,878
Employed	76,422	76,381	76,139	41	283
Unemployed	7,802	7,538	6,207	264	1,595
Rate	9.3	9.0	7.5	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	66,897	66,573	65,329	324	1,568
Employed	61,471	61,457	60,649	14	822
Unemployed	5,426	5,116	4,680	310	746
Rate	8.1	7.7	7.2	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,327	17,346	17,017	-19	310
Employed	14,951	14,924	15,490	27	-539
Unemployed	2,376	2,422	1,527	-46	849
Rate	13.7	14.0	9.0	xxx	xxx

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary November 1981	Revised October 1981	Change From		
			November 1980	Revised October 1981	November 1980
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,461,262	2,481,616	2,396,001	-20,354	65,261
Employed	2,296,608	2,321,268	2,248,037	-24,660	48,571
Unemployed	164,654	160,348	147,964	4,306	16,690
Rate	6.7	6.5	6.2	xxx	xxx
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,450,492	1,449,840	1,404,931	652	45,561
Employed	1,363,334	1,364,220	1,323,296	-886	40,038
Unemployed	87,158	85,620	81,635	1,538	5,523
Rate	6.0	5.9	5.8	xxx	xxx
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,010,770	1,031,776	991,070	-21,006	19,700
Employed	933,274	957,048	924,741	-23,774	8,533
Unemployed	77,496	74,728	66,329	2,768	11,167
Rate	7.7	7.2	6.7	xxx	xxx

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattahoochee SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week, (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business, (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work, (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants, (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible, (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

2/17/82 5 1905-1

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

JANUARY 1982

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(December Data)

GEORGIA ECONOMIC FUTURE—LONG HARD CLIMB

Due to recessionary trends, Georgia's economy is expected to suffer a slow climb to improvement in the coming months. The textiles industry has been steadily declining since September of 1979. The reasons for this industry's slowdown are drops in sales of clothing, carpets, and home furnishings, and competition from overseas producers. Furniture manufacturing and building supplies have also shown some abatement over the past couple of years. This is attributed mainly to the housing slump. The trend is expected to improve later in the year as housing reflects a slight upturn.

Another industry that has been recording great losses is the automobile industry. Sales were way down across the board. As a result of the lack of new car sales, the used car sales are beginning to slacken. There is an increasing shortage of quality used cars, since older ones are not being traded in for newer models. Automobile manufacturers do not expect conditions to get better for at least six months.

EMPLOYMENT FOR DECEMBER

Employment in Georgia for December reflected an overall loss of 1,000. Manufacturing's 3,500 drop was alleviated by a gain of 2,500 in nonmanufacturing to bring the total to its current 2,165,400.

The manufacturing sector had several industries with sizable employment decreases. Lumber and wood products showed a loss of 500. This occurrence was due to less business in general sawmills and planing mills. The decline of 400 in the primary metals industries was attributed to temporary layoffs in gray iron foundries. Less business in architectural and ornamental metal work manufacturing and layoffs in automotive stampings manufacturing caused fabricated metal products to lose 600. A decrease of 900 was felt in food and kindred products as business slacks and layoffs were reported by poultry dressing plants, cookies and crackers manufacturers, and malt beverages manufacturers. The largest change in manufacturing employment was found in textile mill products. The drop of 1,000 was a result of layoffs in cordage and twine manufacturing, yarn spinning mills, and yarn texturizing and winding mills. There was also less business in broad woven cotton fabric mills.

Nonmanufacturing's rise in employment was centered in one sector--retail trade. There was no other sector showing any noteworthy gain. Retail trade was up 7,900, due entirely to seasonal hiring in general merchandise stores, department stores, shoe stores, variety stores, men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores, and mail order houses. Offsetting the increase in retail trade were wholesale trade, services, and government. Wholesale trade was down 1,200 because of seasonal declines in farm-product raw materials establishments and fresh fruits and vegetables establishments, and because of less business in fish and seafood wholesaling. The downturn of 1,600 in services resulted from less business in hotels, motels and tourist courts, temporary help supply services, and civic, social and fraternal associations. Seasonal decreases in education and layoffs in administration brought government down 2,300.

METRO ATLANTA HOUSING DECLINES IN 1981

According to the Home Builders Association of Metropolitan Atlanta, 1981 was the worst year for housing construction since 1976. Housing permits dropped 21 percent from the 1980 figure of 18,975 units to 15,043. Of the metro area, the counties with the most activity were: Gwinnett County with 4,318 permits issued; Fulton County with 3,723 permits issued; Cobb County with 3,439 permits issued; and DeKalb County with 1,892 permits issued. The association does not expect 1982 to be any better than last year, "unless additional pressure is applied in Congress to reduce spending."

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

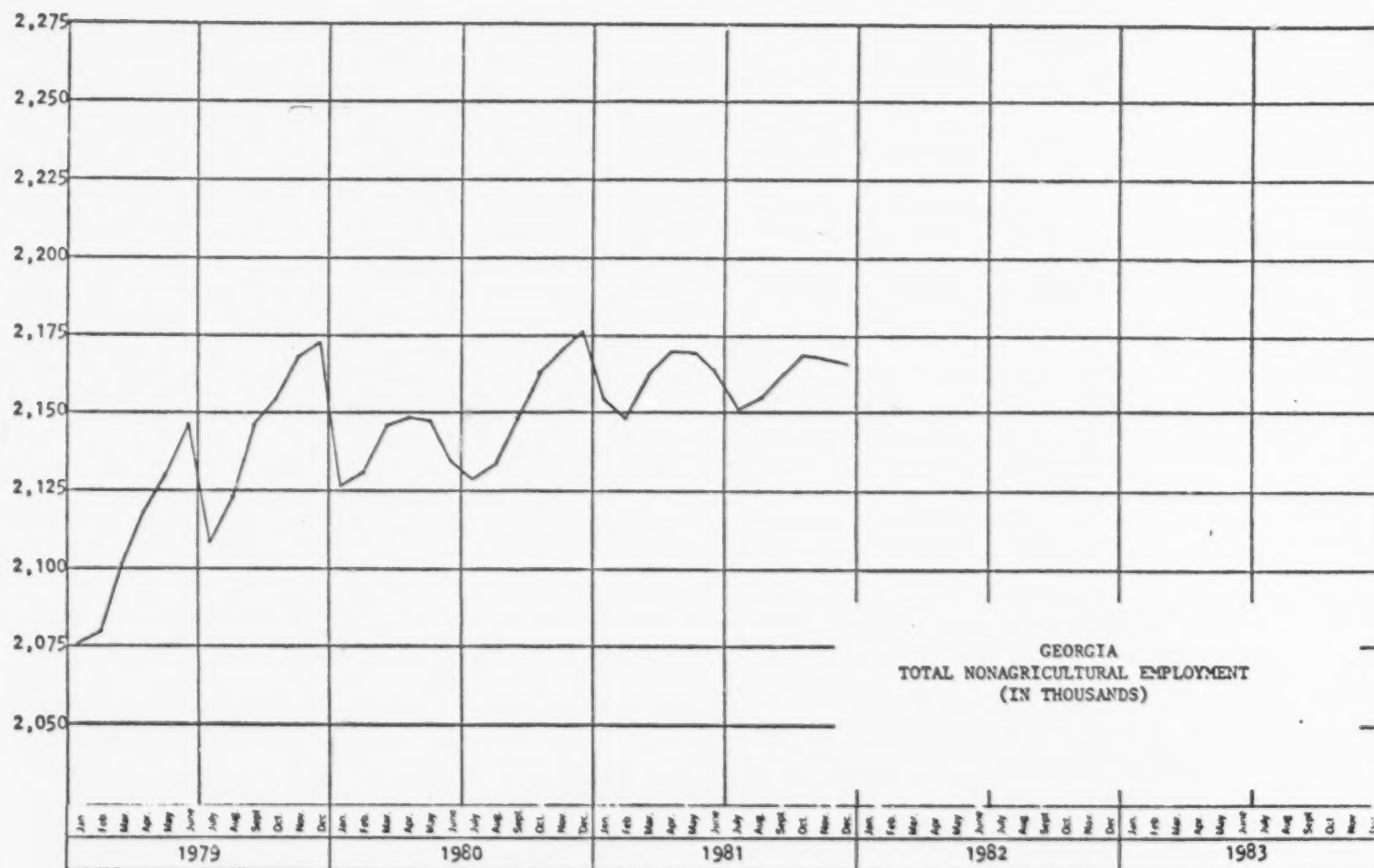
ACQUISITION OF TWO BANKS BY FIRST ATLANTA

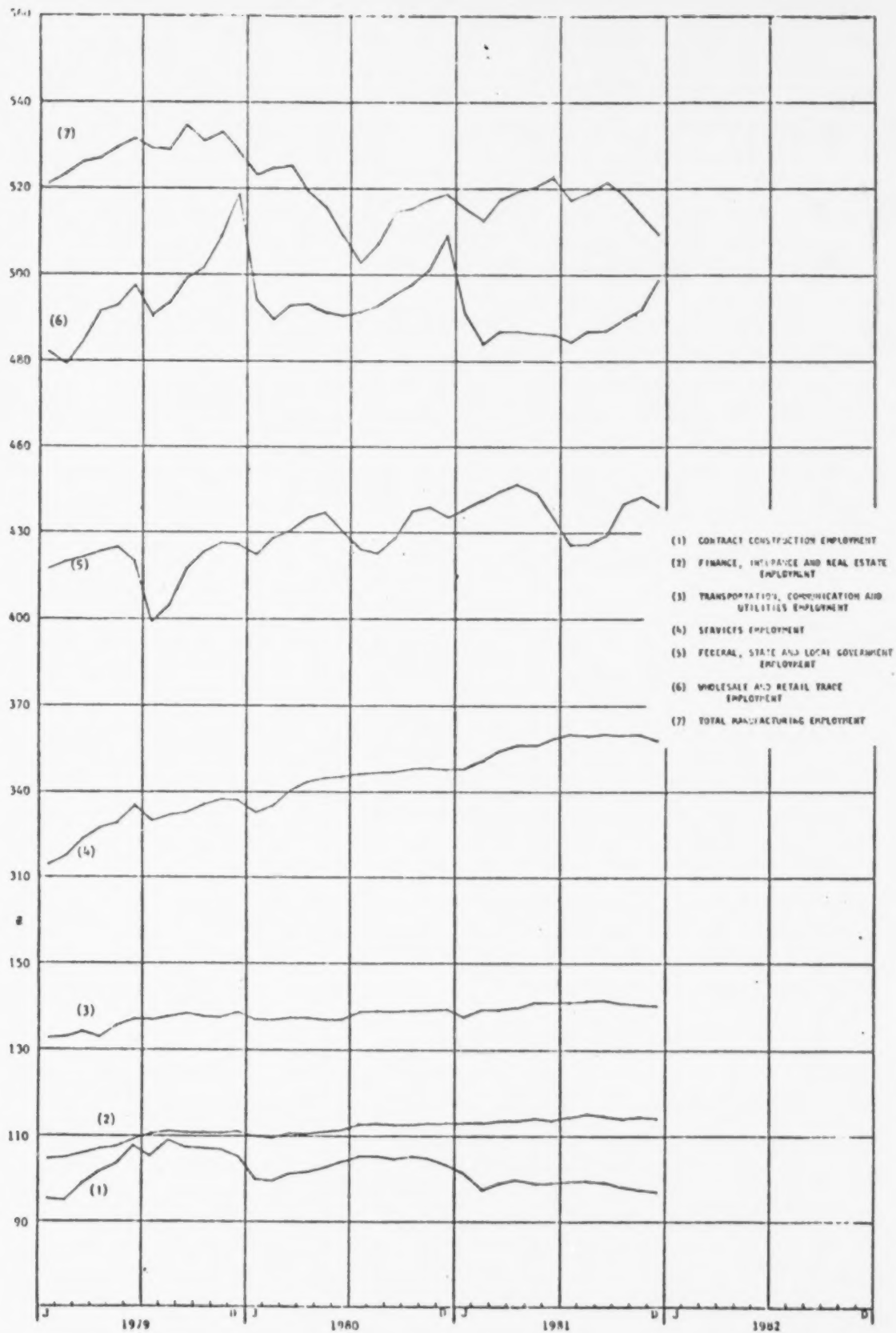
First Atlanta Corporation, parent company of the First National Bank of Atlanta, is acquiring two banks in Georgia. It will attain Macon Bank & Trust Company for \$5.8 million in cash and stock and Gordon County Bank in Calhoun for \$3.8 million in stock.

TEMPORARY LAYOFFS FOR GENERAL MOTORS

General Motors Corporation announced that production would be temporarily suspended at its Lakewood facility in south Atlanta. The shutdown is expected to last two weeks and will idle 2,900 employees here. The reason given for the closing was an inventory build-up of Chevrolet Chevettes and Pontiac T1000's which are produced at the Lakewood plant. Other GM closings will occur in Framingham, Massachusetts; Wilmington, Delaware; Linden, New Jersey; Flint, Michigan; and Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.





GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT
(in thousands)

GEORGIA		Net Change in Jobs				
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month	Net Change in Jobs	
		DEC 1981	NOV 1981	Year ago DEC 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,165.4	2,166.4	2,176.2	-1.0	-10.8
Manufacturing	300005	509.7	513.2	518.7	-3.5	-9.0
Durable Goods	300025	182.2	183.7	185.9	-1.5	-3.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	27.5	28.0	29.1	-.5	-1.6
Logging Camps, Sawmills and Planing Mills	324195	13.5	13.8	14.8	-.3	-1.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.6	9.6	9.1	.0	.5
Household Furniture	325105	7.1	7.1	6.8	.0	.3
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	17.8	17.9	18.5	-.1	-.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	16.2	16.6	16.4	-.4	-.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	19.8	20.4	20.8	-.6	-1.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	21.4	21.4	22.9	.0	-1.5
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	21.1	21.2	20.7	-.1	.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	37.3	37.0	36.9	.3	.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	11.6	11.7	11.4	-.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	327.5	329.5	332.8	-2.0	-5.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	58.2	59.1	57.9	-.9	.3
Metal Products	420105	21.0	21.1	21.6	-.1	-.6
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.1	15.3	15.8	-.2	-.7
Dairy Products	420205	4.5	4.4	4.3	.1	.2
Bakery Products	420505	9.3	9.4	9.1	-.1	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	109.2	110.2	114.6	-1.0	-5.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	25.7	26.1	28.3	-.4	-2.6
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	4.3	4.4	4.4	-.1	-.1
Knitting Mills	422505	8.9	8.8	9.5	.1	-.6
Floor Covering Mills	422705	29.7	29.8	30.0	-.1	-.3
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.0	21.4	22.3	-.4	-1.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	72.0	71.8	72.1	.2	-.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.6	39.5	39.0	.1	.6
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.3	21.3	21.8	.0	-.5
Paper and Allied Products	426005	28.4	28.6	28.6	-.2	-.2
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	14.0	14.1	14.2	-.1	-.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.6	6.7	6.4	-.1	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	23.2	23.2	23.2	.0	.0
Commercial Printing	427505	8.4	8.5	8.4	-.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.1	17.1	16.9	.0	.2
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.4	2.5	2.4	-.1	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	17.2	17.0	17.1	.2	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,655.7	1,653.2	1,657.5	2.5	-1.8
Mining	100005	7.8	7.7	7.7	.1	.1
Contract Construction	200005	97.1	97.2	103.7	-.1	-6.6
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	140.4	140.4	139.7	.0	.7
Transportation	500015	83.6	83.5	83.8	.1	-.2
Communication (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	548005	36.1	36.1	35.8	.0	.3
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Service	549005	20.8	20.7	20.1	.1	.7

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

GEORGIA							Net Change in Jobs
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month	Net Change in Jobs
		DEC 1981	NOV 1981	Year ago			
				DEC 1980			
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	499.0	492.2	509.5	6.8	-10.5	
Wholesale Trade	650005	156.2	157.4	158.5	-1.2	-2.3	
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	97.1	97.4	97.7	-.3	-.6	
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	59.1	59.9	60.8	-.8	-1.7	
Retail Trade	652005	342.8	334.9	351.0	7.9	-8.2	
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	114.1	114.4	113.0	-.3	1.1	
Finance	760025	50.1	50.1	48.3	.0	1.8	
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	40.2	40.4	40.6	-.2	-.4	
Real Estate	765075	23.9	24.0	24.2	-.1	-.3	
Services	800005	358.1	359.7	348.0	-1.6	10.1	
Government	998008	439.2	441.5	435.8	-2.3	3.4	
Federal	998011	88.5	88.7	83.8	-.2	4.7	
State and Local	998509	350.7	352.8	352.1	-2.1	-1.4	

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. These estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

PRODUCTION WORKERS (in thousands)

GEORGIA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month DEC 1981	Previous Month NOV 1981	Current Month Year ago DEC 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	389.5	392.4	399.0	-2.9	-9.5
Durable Goods	300025	135.8	137.2	139.6	-1.4	-3.8
Nondurable Goods	400015	253.7	255.2	259.3	-1.5	-5.6
Selected Industries						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.3	41.1	40.5	-.8	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	91.8	92.6	97.2	-.8	-5.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.0	23.3	25.5	-.3	-2.5
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.7	3.8	3.8	-.1	-.1
Knitting Mills	422505	7.3	7.2	7.9	.1	-.6
Floor Covering Mills	422705	24.6	24.7	25.0	-.1	-.4
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.4	18.7	19.7	-.3	-1.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	61.0	60.8	61.6	.2	-.6
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.3	34.2	33.8	.1	.5
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	17.7	17.7	18.3	.0	-.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.6	23.0	24.2	-.4	-1.6
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.8	7.8	7.5	.0	.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	22.1	22.3	22.4	-.2	-.3
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.6	10.6	10.9	.0	-.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.7	10.7	10.5	.0	.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.0	2.1	1.9	-.1	.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	13.8	13.9	14.3	-.1	-.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.2	11.4	11.4	-.2	-.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	15.5	16.1	16.3	-.6	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	15.2	15.2	16.7	.0	-1.5
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	13.1	13.2	12.8	-.1	.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	26.6	26.3	26.5	.3	.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
			Current Month DEC 81	Previous Month NOV 81	Current Month Year ago DEC 80	Current Month DEC 81	Previous Month NOV 81	Current Month Year ago DEC 80	Current Month DEC 81	Previous Month NOV 81	Current Month Year ago DEC 80
	Total Manufacturing	300005	\$264.67	\$262.02	\$250.30	39.8	39.7	41.1	\$6.65	\$6.60	\$6.09
	Durable Goods	300025	311.81	305.12	282.98	40.6	40.2	40.6	7.68	7.59	6.97
	Nondurable Goods	400015	239.95	238.76	232.67	39.4	39.4	41.4	6.09	6.06	5.62
	Selected Industries:										
	Food and Kindred Products	420005	\$241.60	\$233.43	\$223.28	40.0	39.1	39.8	\$6.04	\$5.97	\$5.61
	Textile Mill Products	422005	224.80	224.97	225.57	39.3	39.4	42.4	5.72	5.71	5.32
	Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	229.65	236.70	222.86	39.8	40.6	41.5	5.77	5.83	5.37
	Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	258.92	261.04	245.22	42.1	41.9	40.6	6.15	6.23	6.04
	Knitting Mills	422505	217.88	194.43	182.78	41.5	37.9	40.8	5.25	5.13	4.48
	Floor Covering Mills	422705	219.08	219.40	238.48	38.3	38.9	44.0	5.72	5.64	5.42
	Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	214.68	214.48	225.04	37.4	37.3	42.3	5.74	5.75	5.32
	Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	165.52	164.86	161.41	36.7	36.8	38.8	4.51	4.48	4.16
	Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	168.72	165.39	157.70	37.0	37.0	38.0	4.56	4.47	4.15
	Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	150.25	160.37	155.50	34.7	36.2	38.3	4.33	4.43	4.06
	Lumber and Wood Products	324005	201.88	199.16	192.17	38.6	38.3	40.8	5.23	5.20	4.71
	Furniture and Fixtures	325005	210.51	195.69	181.74	42.7	40.1	39.0	4.93	4.88	4.66
	Paper and Allied Products	426005	399.90	396.33	372.70	41.7	41.5	42.4	9.59	9.55	8.79
	Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	445.78	464.61	421.95	41.2	42.9	43.5	10.82	10.83	9.70
	Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	332.78	332.39	299.72	43.5	43.0	43.5	7.65	7.73	6.89
	Leather and Leather Products	431005	165.12	167.20	156.40	38.4	38.0	40.0	4.30	4.40	3.91
	Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	285.71	290.51	279.50	40.7	41.8	43.0	7.02	6.95	6.50
	Primary Metal Industries	333005	360.22	359.84	335.32	41.5	41.6	43.1	8.68	8.65	7.78
	Fabricated Metal Products	334005	296.93	277.41	266.33	40.9	39.8	41.1	7.26	6.97	6.48
	Machinery, except Electrical	335005	331.71	309.68	267.53	40.7	39.2	36.9	8.15	7.90	7.25
	Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	316.09	316.36	282.40	41.7	41.3	40.4	7.58	7.66	6.99
	Transportation Equipment	337005	457.06	457.97	422.18	40.7	41.0	40.4	11.23	11.17	10.45

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

LABOR TURNOVER RATES

INDUSTRY	Series Code	Accession Rates									Separation Rates								
		Total			New Hires			Recalls			Total			Quits			Layoffs		
		Current			Current			Current			Current			Current			Current		
		Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Month	Previous Month	Year ago
		DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80
All Manufacturing	300005	1.2	2.1	1.8	.7	1.5	1.3	.3	.4	.3	2.5	3.2	2.1	.9	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.1	.5
Durable Goods	300025	.6	1.5	1.3	.4	1.0	.9	.1	.4	.2	2.1	3.2	1.7	.5	.8	.6	1.3	1.6	.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	1.5	2.3	2.0	.9	1.6	1.5	.4	.4	.4	2.6	3.2	2.3	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.0	.5
Selected Industries:																			
Food & Kindred Products	420005	3.1	2.9	3.8	1.6	1.6	3.2	1.0	.9	.5	4.6	4.5	4.1	1.7	1.7	1.3	2.0	1.9	.7
Textile Mill Products	422005	.8	1.5	1.5	.5	1.2	1.2	.2	.2	.2	1.8	2.5	1.8	.7	1.1	1.0	.5	.8	.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	.8	2.3	1.7	.6	1.7	1.4	.2	.2	.0	1.6	2.8	2.2	.8	1.3	1.4	.1	.5	.1
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	.9	1.7	1.5	.6	1.2	1.1	.1	.2	.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	.6	.8	.6	.0	.1	.1
Knitting Mills	422505	.2	3.9	2.3	.2	3.4	1.8	.0	.1	.5	.2	3.5	.8	.2	2.7	.7	.0	.0	.0
Floor Covering Mills	422705	.8	.9	1.6	.6	.7	1.4	.1	.1	.2	1.6	2.9	2.0	.5	.9	1.0	.7	1.4	.6
Yarn & Thread Mills	422805	.7	1.0	1.2	.5	.9	1.0	.2	.1	.1	2.2	2.7	1.5	.7	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	.1
Apparel & Other Textile Products	423005	1.3	4.2	1.9	.9	2.9	1.4	.3	.7	.4	2.4	4.3	2.6	1.3	2.3	1.6	.6	.6	.6
Men's & Boys' Clothing	423175	1.2	3.3	1.5	.8	2.7	1.1	.3	.5	.3	1.8	3.5	2.4	1.3	2.0	1.6	.2	.6	.5
Women's & Children's Clothing	423335	1.6	4.7	2.4	1.0	2.9	1.7	.3	1.6	.6	3.5	4.7	3.0	1.4	2.8	1.7	1.3	1.0	.7
Lumber & Wood Products	324005	1.3	3.1	2.3	.8	1.8	2.0	.2	1.2	.3	2.8	5.4	4.5	1.2	1.9	2.0	1.4	2.8	1.6
Furniture & Fixtures	325005	.1	2.1	4.2	.1	1.4	2.8	.0	.5	1.3	.7	2.4	3.7	.1	.9	1.5	.4	.6	1.2
Paper & Allied Products	426005	.9	1.1	2.4	.1	.4	.9	.7	.4	1.4	2.1	2.1	1.2	.3	.3	.3	1.4	1.2	.6
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	426135	.8	.4	2.4	.3	.3	.6	.5	.1	1.8	1.0	.7	1.6	.3	.2	.2	.5	.2	1.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	426505	.9	1.2	.9	.0	.3	.8	.8	.9	.1	2.3	4.8	.8	.3	.7	.3	1.6	3.9	.2
Printing, Publishing & Allied Industries	427005	1.1	1.6	.4	1.0	1.5	.2	.1	.0	.1	3.1	2.5	.6	1.0	.9	.2	1.5	1.2	.3
Chemicals & Allied Products	428005	.8	1.9	1.1	.7	1.1	1.0	.1	.7	.1	1.3	2.2	1.2	.4	.9	.4	.5	.5	.3
Leather & Leather Products	431005	2.1	2.0	.9	.1	2.0	.9	1.8	.0	.0	11.5	10.9	2.5	1.3	2.7	.3	8.9	7.4	1.8
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	332005	.0	.9	1.5	.0	.8	.7	.0	.1	.3	.1	1.4	5.4	.0	.8	.8	.1	.2	3.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	.6	.6	1.2	.2	.3	1.0	.3	.3	.1	1.0	5.6	.9	.3	.7	.5	.3	2.5	.0
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	.8	2.4	1.4	.6	2.0	.9	.0	.2	.4	3.3	3.2	2.8	1.1	1.4	.9	1.9	1.1	1.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.7	1.6	1.4	.6	1.4	.8	.1	.2	.4	1.4	2.6	1.3	.5	.4	.4	.4	1.4	.1
Electric & Electronic Equipment	336005	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.1	.5	.5	.4	.4	.2	1.2	1.3	.9	.2	.2	.2	.7	.6	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	.3	1.1	.6	.3	.5	.5	.0	.6	.0	2.1	2.4	.4	.2	.3	.3	1.5	1.8	.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA EMPLOYMENT ADVANCED BY SEASONAL GAINS IN RETAIL TRADE

Atlanta SMSA's nonfarm employment rose 4,800 in December from November to a level of 982,700. Nonmanufacturing provided all the gain due to the seasonal rise in retail trade. Manufacturing employment was stable over the month with only a net loss of 100 jobs in the nondurable goods sector.

Among the manufacturing industries, ten of the sixteen published industries recorded no change from the previous month. Fluctuations of not more than 100 occurred in each of the remaining industries during the current month. However, some temporary partial shutdowns were experienced in the paper, chemicals, and stone, clay, and glass products industries. Less business and/or fewer orders occurred in the food and kindred products, apparel and other textile products, paper and allied products, chemicals, and "other durable goods."

From a year ago, manufacturing employment was down by 600 with the decline occurring in the durable goods category. Stone, clay and glass products and nonelectrical machinery accounted for most of this loss. Nondurable goods industries rose 300 primarily due to gains in food and kindred products (one large firm was involved in a labor dispute last year) and printing and publishing.

Nonmanufacturing employment for December was up 4,900 over November, reaching a level of 837,700. The increase was attributed to seasonal gains in retail trade establishments. Construction and transportation, communications and public utilities registered increments of 100 each. Services exhibited the greatest drop as many industries in the group recorded slight losses. Finance, insurance and real estate remained stable as gains in real estate offset losses in the insurance industry. The loss in federal employment was partially overcome by a small increase in state and local government.

Over the year, nonmanufacturing rose 5,900. Service industries provided most of the increase with substantial gains in business services, medical and health, and miscellaneous services. Construction declined 2,800 with 60 percent of the loss attributed to heavy building. Transportation and public utilities rose 600 mainly due to the utilities growth. Losses in retail trade were substantially overcome by the gains in the wholesale sector resulting in a small drop in trade. The banking industry accounted for all the growth in the finance, insurance and real estate industry. The government gain was in the federal sector and confined primarily to the postal service.

The Home Builders Association of Atlanta reported that building permits issued in 10 counties of the Atlanta area for the year 1981 declined 27.1 percent from 1980 for single family residences and 28.0 percent for multi-family units. The report represents permits issued and not houses or units actually started.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

ATLANTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month DEC 1981	Previous Month NOV 1981	Current Month Year ago DEC 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	982.7	977.9	977.4	4.8	5.3
Manufacturing	300005	144.9	145.0	145.5	-.1	-.6
Durable Goods	300025	73.3	73.3	74.3	.0	-1.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.8	3.0	-.1	-.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.1	3.2	3.3	-.1	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	1.7	1.9	2.0	-.2	-.3
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	7.5	7.5	8.2	.0	-.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.5	5.4	5.0	.1	.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	8.0	8.0	7.7	.0	.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.3	7.2	7.7	.1	-.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	10.7	10.7	10.7	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	25.1	25.1	25.1	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.4	3.4	3.6	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	71.6	71.7	71.3	-.1	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.7	18.7	18.0	.0	.7
Meat Products	420105	5.1	5.2	5.2	-.1	-.1
Bakery Products	420505	3.3	3.4	3.3	-.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	5.6	5.7	6.7	-.1	-1.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	2.4	2.4	3.6	.0	-1.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.5	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	9.2	9.2	9.9	.0	-.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.8	3.8	3.9	.0	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	3.3	3.4	3.9	-.1	-.6
Paper and Allied Products	426005	8.2	8.3	8.2	-.1	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.5	4.6	4.2	-.1	.3
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.2	16.2	15.4	.0	.8
Commercial Printing	427505	6.4	6.5	6.4	-.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.3	7.3	7.2	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.3	5.9	.0	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	837.7	832.8	831.8	4.9	5.9
Contract Construction	200005	40.9	40.8	43.7	.1	-2.8
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	87.6	87.5	87.0	.1	.6
Transportation	500015	56.7	56.6	57.0	.1	-.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	271.8	265.9	272.1	5.9	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	104.2	104.1	102.3	.1	1.9
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	70.0	70.1	69.9	-.1	.1
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	34.2	34.0	32.4	.2	1.8
Retail Trade	652005	167.6	161.8	169.8	5.8	-2.2
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	69.2	69.2	69.2	.0	.0

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

ATLANTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month DEC 1981	Previous Month NOV 1981	Current Month Year ago DEC 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Finance	760025	26.4	26.4	25.5	.0	.9
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	25.2	25.3	26.0	-.1	-.8
Services	800055	206.7	207.6	199.0	-.9	7.7
Government	998008	161.6	161.8	160.9	-.2	.7
Federal	998011	33.5	34.2	32.6	-.7	.9
State and Local	998509	128.1	127.6	128.3	.5	-.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

PRODUCTION WORKERS (in thousands)

ATLANTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month DEC 1981	Previous Month NOV 1981	Current Month Year ago DEC 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	98.3	98.6	100.0	-.3	-1.7
Durable Goods	300025	49.7	49.8	50.9	-.1	-1.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	48.6	48.8	49.1	-.2	-.5
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	12.0	12.0	11.6	.0	.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.5	4.5	5.6	.0	-1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	7.3	7.4	7.9	-.1	-.6
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.2	3.2	3.3	.0	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.6	2.7	3.0	-.1	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.2	2.5	-.1	-.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	2.1	2.2	2.3	-.1	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.3	6.4	6.3	-.1	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.3	3.3	3.0	.0	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.8	3.9	3.8	-.1	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	5.7	5.8	6.4	-.1	-.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.7	3.6	3.1	.1	.6
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	5.7	5.7	5.2	.0	.5
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	4.2	4.2	4.6	.0	-.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	17.2	17.0	17.5	.2	-.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

HOURS AND EARNINGS

ATLANTA	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
			Current	Previous	Current	Current	Previous	Current	Current	Previous	Current
			Month	Month	Month	Month	Month	Month	Month	Month	Month
			DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80
Total Manufacturing	300005		\$315.19	\$314.42	\$287.28	39.3	39.7	39.9	\$8.02	\$7.92	\$7.20
Durable Goods	300025		365.38	364.80	327.21	39.5	40.0	39.0	9.25	9.12	8.39
Nondurable Goods	400015		264.21	262.80	246.63	39.2	39.4	40.9	6.74	6.67	6.03
Selected Industries											
Food & Kindred Products	420005		\$259.85	\$247.54	\$238.55	38.9	38.8	39.3	\$6.68	\$6.38	\$6.07
Textile Mill Products	422005		195.51	192.85	199.56	35.1	35.0	38.6	5.57	5.51	5.17
Apparel & Other Textile Products	423005		176.81	167.97	173.53	37.7	36.2	39.8	4.69	4.64	4.36
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175		175.59	159.12	192.17	37.6	36.0	44.9	4.67	4.42	4.28
Women's & Children's Clothing	423335		168.59	168.63	142.25	37.8	36.5	31.7	4.46	4.64	4.35
Lumber & Wood Products	324005		163.90	174.57	196.11	32.2	34.5	41.2	5.09	5.06	4.76
Furniture & Fixtures	325005		251.90	232.17	187.13	46.8	42.6	37.5	5.50	5.45	4.99
Paper & Allied Products	426005		321.68	314.24	325.53	41.4	40.6	44.9	7.77	7.74	7.25
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	426505		271.43	276.91	323.35	38.5	39.9	44.6	7.05	6.94	7.25
Chemicals & Allied Products	428005		304.84	314.77	260.44	40.7	40.2	37.1	7.49	7.83	7.02
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	332005		292.55	289.92	228.96	38.8	40.1	36.0	7.54	7.23	6.36
Primary Metal Industries	333005		507.99	503.74	417.36	44.6	44.5	41.2	11.39	11.32	10.13
Fabricated Metal Products	334005		298.72	292.87	280.42	38.2	39.9	40.7	7.82	7.34	6.89
Machinery, except Electrical	335005		294.52	291.53	213.81	40.4	40.1	33.2	7.29	7.27	6.44
Transportation Equipment	337005		479.90	486.25	468.79	38.3	38.9	40.8	12.53	12.50	11.49

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

LABOR TURNOVER RATES

ATLANTA	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Accession Rate									Separation Rates								
			Total			New Hire			Recalls			Total			Quits			Layoffs		
			Current	Previous	Current	Current	Previous	Current	Current	Previous	Current	Current	Previous	Current	Current	Previous	Current	Current	Previous	Current
			Month	Month	Year ago	Month	Month	Year ago	Month	Month	Year ago	Month	Month	Year ago	Month	Month	Year ago	Month	Month	Year ago
			DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80	DEC 81	NOV 81	DEC 80
All Manufacturing	300005	7	1.9	1.5	.5	1.4	1.0	.2	.4	.4	2.5	2.8	1.6	.5	1.0	.7	1.7	1.2	.4	
Durable Goods	300075	.6	1.4	1.1	.4	.9	.8	.2	.5	.2	2.2	2.5	1.5	.4	.7	.6	1.5	1.3	.5	
Nondurable Goods	400095	1.0	2.5	2.1	.6	1.9	1.3	.3	.3	.7	3.2	3.1	1.7	.7	1.2	.7	2.0	1.1	.2	
Selected Industries:																				
Food & Kindred Products	420005	1.0	2.2	2.4	.6	1.4	.9	.2	.4	1.4	3.9	3.3	1.9	.6	.5	.4	3.1	2.0	.7	
Textile Mill Products	422005	.9	3.3	2.1	.8	2.8	2.0	.0	.1	.0	2.4	2.8	2.8	1.7	2.0	1.6	.0	.2	.1	
Apparel & Other Textile Products	423005	.1	5.0	1.8	.1	5.0	1.3	.0	.0	.5	.2	3.6	2.9	.1	2.1	1.6	.0	.2	.0	
Furniture & Fixtures	325005	.1	.2	8.5	.1	.1	7.6	.0	.1	.9	.1	.2	6.3	.1	.1	3.0	.0	.0	.2	
Paper & Allied Products	426005	.5	2.1	2.7	.2	.4	1.6	.2	1.2	1.1	3.6	2.8	.7	.5	.7	.5	2.7	1.4	.0	
Printing & Publishing	427005	.2	1.7	.6	.2	1.7	.3	.0	.0	.3	.4	2.0	.5	.2	.9	.3	.1	.6	.1	
Chemicals & Allied Products	428005	1.0	3.3	1.4	.9	3.1	.0	.0	.1	.1	.7	3.4	1.7	.5	1.9	.6	.0	.2	.0	
Primary Metal Industries	333005	1.5	1.7	.7	.3	.5	.5	1.2	1.1	.1	.9	5.3	.4	.4	.3	.1	.3	4.8	.0	
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	1.3	1.2	1.7	.8	1.0	1.5	.4	.1	.1	2.1	1.1	2.6	1.0	.6	1.6	.7	1	.0	
Transportation Equipment	337005	.1	.8	.4	.1	.1	.3	.0	.7	.0	2.1	2.5	.2	.1	.2	.1	1.8	2.1	.0	

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

NO CHANGE IN ALBANY EMPLOYMENT

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA was unchanged from the November reporting period. Employment was estimated at 45,400 in December, no change from November. Over the year, a gain of 900 was reported. Manufacturing was unchanged over the month and up 300 for the year while nonmanufacturing was up for the month and year.

Manufacturing, at 10,800, was unchanged from the previous month. Small losses were recorded in durable goods and "other nondurable goods." Annually, the division gained 300. Most of the gain occurred in the machinery and metals and "other nondurable goods" segments.

Nonmanufacturing, at 34,700, gained 200 during the month and 700 for the year. The month's gains were in contract construction and retail trade, up 100 and 200 respectively. Annual gains were also in these two divisions with the addition of finance, insurance and real estate which was up 200 for the year. There were some losses over the year in government and transportation, communications and utilities. Other nonmanufacturing divisions did not report significant changes for the reporting period.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

TRADE AND SERVICES OUTDISTANCE AUGUSTA LOSSES

Employment in December climbed to 125,500 representing an increase of 600 over the month. Gains in trade and services and mining outdistanced losses sustained in manufacturing and construction. Annually employment rose 900. Decrements were recorded in construction and finance, insurance and real estate. Transportation and public utilities remained unchanged. All other major industry divisions shared in the annual upswing.

Manufacturing, at 36,100, dropped 200 over the month. Stone, clay and glass products dropped 100 due to less activity in glass manufacturing. "Other durable goods" lost 100 triggered by less business among measuring instruments. Textile mill products slid 100 among manufacturers of broad woven goods. Printing and publishing climbed 100 in the commercial printing segment.

Over the year, manufacturing rose 300. Losses were sustained in "other durable goods," textile mill products, and apparel. Food and kindred products and lumber and wood products remained unchanged. All other manufacturing segments shared in the annual increase.

Construction, at 4,400, dropped 100 over the month primarily because of inclement weather. This division lost 1,000 over the year because of the completion of several projects. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Trade, at 24,300, rose 600 over the month triggered by Christmas business in the retail sector. This division reported a gain of 100 over the year precipitated by the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but dropped 100 over the year with scattered declines. Services and mining, at 18,800, reported an increment of 100 over the month because of more activity in protective services. This division was up 300 over the year precipitated by the opening of new firms. Government, at 32,900, remained unchanged over the month but increased 1,100 over the year. The annual increment was concentrated in a large measure in the state and local subdivision.

OUTLOOK:

Trade will decline seasonally during both January and February. Manufacturing will rise moderately over the year as some recovery takes place. Apparel manufacturing will experience a downturn with the closing of one firm permanently. Construction will rise as new projects get underway. If interest rates decline to a reasonable sustained rate then a significant turnaround in the economy will be effected. On the other hand, if interest rates do not decline, little recovery is anticipated.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

NEGLECTIBLE OVERALL GAIN IN COLUMBUS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Columbus area gained 100 from the November estimate to a total of 78,500. Gains in nonmanufacturing were offset by losses in manufacturing.

Annually, employment declined by 1,800 workers preponderantly in manufacturing. A loss of 1,500 occurred in the metals and machinery group while textile mill products declined by 400. Losses of 100 each were experienced in stone, clay and glass products and in the printing, publishing and allied industries group. Gains were noted in food and kindred products and in apparel and other finished products. Nonmanufacturing employment declined 100 as gains totaling 1,000 in contract construction, finance, insurance and real estate and in services and miscellaneous industries were overtaken by losses in the remaining groups.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased by 700 from November. Contract construction contributed 300 toward this gain while trade increased 200 due to extra help being required during the Christmas shopping season. Increments of 100 each were noted in finance, insurance and real estate, services and miscellaneous industries and in local government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

MACON DECLINES SLIGHTLY FROM NOVEMBER

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 97,200 in December. The current preliminary estimate was down 100 from November and down 400 from December 1980. During the month, manufacturing declined 300 with a small gain in durable goods partially offsetting a loss in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing gained 300 with increases in trade and finance, insurance and real estate. Transportation, communications, and public utilities declined slightly with construction, services, and government remaining unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing rose 200 with durable goods gaining and nondurable goods dropping 100. Nonmanufacturing fell 600 with losses in construction, transportation, communications, and public utilities, trade, services, and government. Finance, insurance and real estate was up 400 during the twelve month period.

Manufacturing, at 15,500, was down 300 from last month and up 200 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods added 100 with most of the increase in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods declined with most of the loss in food. Annually, durable goods rose 400 with a gain in "other durable goods" being partially offset by a drop in lumber and wood products. Nondurable goods lost 100 with decreases in food and textiles. Apparel and paper registered small gains and chemicals and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged.

Construction, at 4,900, was unchanged from November and down 200 from a year ago. Annually, losses in general construction and heavy construction were partially offset by an increase in special trades construction. Transportation, communications, and public utilities, at 4,400, was down 100 from last month and down 100 from December 1980. Most of the loss in all periods was in transportation. Trade, at 19,800, was up 300 from November and down 400 from December 1980. Most of the change in all periods was in the retail trade segment. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 1,200, was up 100 from last month and up 400 from a year ago. Increases in the insurance segment accounted for most of the gains. Services, at 16,600, was unchanged from last month and down 100 from December 1980. During the year, declines in mining and private education were partially offset by an increase in "other covered" services. Government, at 29,800, was unchanged from November and down 200 from a year ago. Annually, the federal segment added 200 to partially offset a decline in the state and local segment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170

SAVANNAH'S EMPLOYMENT RISES OVER THE YEAR

For the nation as a whole, 1981 was a rather confusing and extremely frustrating year. A different direction to our political/economic system was embarked upon with high hopes, only to end with a big question mark. The employment situation, which, in the beginning of the year, was of some concern, has ended the year with employment becoming a major concern to all.

The employment situation in the Savannah SMSA was surprisingly good over the year. Total nonagricultural employment declined by an estimated 700, or 4.3 percent. Nonmanufacturing employment increased approximately 2,800, or 4.0 percent. The employment situation nationwide pretty much experienced the same trends with one exception. Whereas the nation's employment in durable goods manufacturing declined, Savannah's employment in this sector increased as a result of increased demand in the transportation sector. Opposite trends also resulted in the nondurable goods sector.

Although employment in the Savannah SMSA was increasing over the year, an interesting but disturbing trend is indicated in the first and second quarters of 1981. Actual wages paid (average of first and second quarters of 1981) is approximately \$10 million less than the fourth quarter of 1980. Should this trend continue, it is possible that the Savannah SMSA could experience an increase in employment, but at the same time experience a decrease in the wages paid to the workers.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

ALBANY	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs			
			Current Month DEC 1981	Previous Month NOV 1981	Current Month Year ago DEC 1980	Previous Month Year ago
	Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	45.4	45.4	44.5	.9
	Manufacturing	300005	10.8	10.8	10.5	.3
	Durable Goods	300025	1.7	1.8	1.6	-.1
	Primary and Fabricated Metals, Machine	333055	.8	.8	.5	.3
	Other Durable Goods	399915	1.0	1.0	1.1	-.1
	Nondurable Goods	400015	9.0	9.1	8.9	-.1
	Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.1	2.1	2.3	-.2
	Textiles and Apparel	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0
	Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0
	Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.6	4.7	4.4	-.1
	Nonmanufacturing	000060	34.7	34.5	34.0	.7
	Contract Construction	200005	3.2	3.1	3.1	.1
	Transportation, Communication and Utilities	500005	2.1	2.1	2.2	-.1
	Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.5	10.4	10.0	.5
	Wholesale Trade	650005	3.1	3.2	3.1	-.1
	Retail Trade	652005	7.4	7.2	6.9	.5
	Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.1
	Services and Mining	800055	6.6	6.6	6.4	.2
	Government	998008	10.4	10.4	10.5	-.1
	Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	3.0	-.1
	State and Local	998509	7.4	7.4	7.5	-.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

AUGUSTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month DEC 1981	Previous Month NOV 1981	Current Month Year ago DEC 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	125.5	124.9	124.6	.6	.9
Manufacturing	300005	36.1	36.3	35.8	-.2	.3
Durable Goods	300025	8.9	9.0	8.7	-.1	.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	3.6	3.7	3.5	-.1	.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.5	2.6	-.1	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	27.3	27.2	27.1	.1	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	9.9	10.0	10.5	-.1	-.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.6	2.6	2.7	.0	-.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	.8	.7	.6	.1	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	11.4	11.4	10.8	.0	.6
Nonmanufacturing	000060	89.4	88.7	88.7	.7	.7
Contract Construction	200005	4.4	4.5	5.4	-.1	-1.0
Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.4	4.4	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.3	23.7	24.2	.6	.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.0	4.0	4.1	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	20.3	19.6	20.2	.7	.1
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.4	4.4	4.5	.0	-.1
Services and Mining	800055	18.8	18.7	18.5	.1	.3
Government	998008	32.9	32.9	31.8	.0	1.1
Federal	998011	7.0	7.0	6.7	.0	.3
State and Local	998509	25.9	25.9	25.1	.0	.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

COLUMBUS INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month DEC 1981	Previous Month NOV 1981	Current Month Year ago DEC 1980	Previous Month Year ago	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	78.5	78.4	80.3	.1	-1.8
Manufacturing	300005	19.6	20.3	21.3	-.7	-1.7
Durable Goods	300025	4.5	5.0	6.1	-.5	-1.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.6	.0	-.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.2	3.7	4.7	-.5	-1.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.1	15.2	15.2	-.1	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.8	3.9	3.5	-.1	.3
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.3	8.4	8.7	-.1	-.4
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Products	423005	.9	.8	.8	.1	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	58.9	58.2	59.0	.7	-.1
Contract Construction	200005	4.3	4.0	3.8	.3	.5
Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.1	15.9	16.4	.2	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.1	2.2	2.3	-.1	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	14.0	13.7	14.2	.3	-.2
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	5.7	5.6	5.5	.1	.2
Services and Mining	800055	11.1	11.0	10.8	.1	.3
Government	998008	18.4	18.3	19.0	.1	-.6
Federal	998011	6.3	6.3	5.9	.0	.4
State and Local	998509	12.1	12.0	13.1	.1	-1.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

MACON	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs			
			Current Month DEC 1981	Previous Month NOV 1981	Current Month Year ago DEC 1980	Previous Month Year ago
	Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	97.2	97.3	97.6	— .1
	Manufacturing	300005	15.5	15.8	15.3	— .3
	Durable Goods	300025	5.5	5.4	5.1	.1
	Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.6	.0
	Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0
	Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0
	Other Durable Goods	399915	3.6	3.5	3.1	.1
	Nondurable Goods	400015	10.1	10.4	10.2	— .3
	Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.3	2.7	2.6	— .4
	Textile Mills Products	422005	1.3	1.3	1.4	.0
	Apparel and Other Finished Textile Products	423005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0
	Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0
	Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0
	Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0
	Nonmanufacturing	000060	81.7	81.4	82.3	.3
	Contract Construction	200005	4.9	4.9	5.1	.0
	Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U S Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.5	4.5	— .1
	Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	19.8	19.5	20.2	.3
	Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	6.2	6.1	5.8	.1
	Services and Mining	800055	16.6	16.6	16.7	.0
	Government	998008	29.8	29.8	30.0	.0
	Federal	998011	16.3	16.3	16.1	.0
	State and Local	998509	13.5	13.5	14.0	.0

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT
(in thousands)

SAVANNAH INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month DEC 1981	Previous Month NOV 1981	Current Month Year ago DEC 1980	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	88.8	89.4	86.7	-.6	2.1
Manufacturing	300005	16.3	17.0	17.1	-.7	-.8
Durable Goods	300025	6.7	6.6	6.4	.1	.3
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefab. Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.4	3.3	3.1	.1	.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.7	10.4	10.7	-.7	-1.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.1	4.7	5.0	-.6	-.9
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.6	.7	.7	-.1	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.0	.9	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.4	72.4	69.7	.0	2.7
Contract Construction	200035	6.2	6.3	6.3	-.1	-.1
Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.3	8.1	8.3	.2	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	20.5	20.5	20.0	.0	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.3	16.3	15.9	.0	.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	15.9	16.1	15.1	-.2	.8
Government	998008	17.2	17.2	15.9	.0	1.3
Federal	998011	2.5	2.5	2.3	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	14.8	14.8	13.6	.0	1.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1930 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

PRODUCTION WORKERS (in thousands)

SAVANNAH							Net Change in Jobs	
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month	Previous Month	Year ago	Previous Month	Current Month
		DEC 1981	NOV 1981	DEC 1980				
Total Manufacturing	300005	12.3	11.6	11.9	.7	.4		
Durable Goods	300025	5.4	4.8	4.6	.6	.8		
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.8	6.9	7.4	-.1	-.6		
Selected Industries:								
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.8	.8	.9	.0	-.1		
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.4	3.4	3.8	.0	-.4		
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.4	1.5	1.4	-.1	.0		
Transportation Equipment	337005	2.8	2.2	2.2	.6	.6		

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1980 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

HOURS AND EARNINGS

SAVANNAH		Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month
		DEC 81	NOV 81	Year ago	DEC 81	NOV 81	Year ago	DEC 81	NOV 81	Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	\$365.59	\$347.33	\$339.35	44.1	42.1	43.9	\$8.29	\$8.25	\$7.73
Durable Goods	300025	374.87	334.27	328.24	46.8	42.8	44.0	8.01	7.81	7.46
Nondurable Goods	400015	357.83	356.10	346.81	41.9	41.6	43.9	8.54	8.56	7.90
Selected Industries										
Lumber & Wood Products	324005	\$221.36	\$221.36	\$206.06	38.1	38.1	39.1	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.27
Paper & Allied Products	426005	406.85	406.85	390.87	41.6	41.6	43.0	9.78	9.78	9.09
Chemicals & Allied Products	428005	317.52	311.16	311.90	44.1	42.8	45.4	7.20	7.27	6.87
Transportation Equipment	337005	444.40	406.75	375.98	48.9	45.6	44.6	9.09	8.92	8.43

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary December 1981	Revised November 1981	December 1980	Change From	
				Revised November 1981	December 1980
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,455,661	2,461,941	2,387,580	-6,280	68,081
Employed	2,287,706	2,295,923	2,245,720	-8,217	41,986
Unemployed	167,955	166,018	141,860	1,937	26,095
Rate	6.8	6.7	5.9	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	51,491	51,657	49,411	-166	2,080
Employed	47,756	47,676	45,617	80	2,139
Unemployed	3,735	3,981	3,794	-246	-59
Rate	7.3	7.7	7.7	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,011,558	1,007,321	977,113	4,237	34,445
Employed	956,197	951,167	927,451	5,030	28,746
Unemployed	55,361	56,154	49,662	-793	5,699
Rate	5.5	5.6	5.1	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	127,217	127,115	124,343	102	2,874
Employed	118,706	118,340	115,881	366	2,825
Unemployed	8,511	8,775	8,462	-264	49
Rate	6.7	6.9	6.8	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,678	83,787	81,888	1,891	3,790
Employed	75,905	75,926	76,157	-21	-252
Unemployed	9,773	7,861	5,731	1,912	4,042
Rate	11.4	9.4	7.0	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	101,119	101,073	98,041	46	3,078
Employed	94,374	94,364	92,297	10	2,077
Unemployed	6,745	6,709	5,744	36	1,001
Rate	6.7	6.6	5.9	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	92,571	93,218	88,138	-647	4,433
Employed	86,748	87,316	82,664	-568	4,084
Unemployed	5,823	5,902	5,474	-79	349
Rate	6.3	6.3	6.2	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

	Preliminary December 1981	Revised November 1981	December 1980	Change From	
				Revised November 1981	December 1980
Residence and Employment Status					
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	127,217	127,115	124,343	102	2,874
Employed	118,706	118,340	115,881	366	2,825
Unemployed	8,511	8,775	8,462	-264	49
Rate	6.7	6.9	6.8	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,749	84,495	82,356	254	2,393
Employed	79,580	79,171	77,013	409	2,567
Unemployed	5,169	5,324	5,343	-155	-174
Rate	6.1	6.3	6.5	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	42,468	42,620	41,987	-152	481
Employed	39,126	39,169	38,868	-43	258
Unemployed	3,342	3,451	3,119	-109	223
Rate	7.9	8.1	7.4	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary December 1981	Revised November 1981	December 1980	Change From	
				Revised November 1981	December 1980
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,678	83,787	81,888	1,891	3,790
Employed	75,905	75,926	76,157	-21	-252
Unemployed	9,773	7,861	5,731	1,912	4,042
Rate	11.4	9.4	7.0	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,309	66,509	64,986	800	2,323
Employed	61,070	61,084	60,671	-14	399
Unemployed	6,239	5,425	4,315	814	1,924
Rate	9.3	8.2	6.6	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,369	17,278	16,902	1,091	1,467
Employed	14,835	14,842	15,486	-7	-651
Unemployed	3,534	2,436	1,416	1,098	2,118
Rate	19.2	14.1	8.4	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

	Preliminary December 1981	Revised November 1981	December 1980	Change From Revised November 1981	December 1980
Residence and Employment Status					
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,455,661	2,461,941	2,387,580	-6,280	68,081
Employed	2,287,706	2,295,923	2,245,720	-8,217	41,986
Unemployed	167,955	166,018	141,860	1,937	26,095
Rate	6.8	6.7	5.9	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,454,545	1,450,622	1,360,045	3,923	94,500
Employed	1,367,805	1,363,032	1,285,713	4,773	82,092
Unemployed	86,740	87,590	74,332	-850	12,408
Rate	6.0	6.0	5.5	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,001,116	1,011,319	1,027,535	-10,203	-26,419
Employed	919,901	932,891	960,007	-12,990	-40,106
Unemployed	81,215	78,428	67,528	2,787	13,687
Rate	8.1	7.8	6.6	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Quantity 1,300
Costs \$214.75



GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

APR 12 1982

S 1905-1

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

FEBRUARY 1982

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(January Data)

RECESSION TO AFFECT GEORGIA'S ECONOMY

Georgia's economy, while faring better than most other Southern states, is definitely showing signs of being affected by the current slump. During the current recession, federal government cutbacks of both jobs and money, have combined with slowdowns in housing, construction, and the auto industries to hike unemployment to near-record highs. Economist Donald Ratajczak predicts that this year's unemployment rate will surpass the post-World War II record of 9.0 percent and reach 9.2 percent nationwide and 9.5 percent in the Southeast. Georgia's anticipated rate is a much lower 7.7 percent. This is based mainly on Atlanta's favorable reputation, a generally mild climate, a good transportation system, and the fact that it is not dependent on any one industry. (*Atlanta Constitution, February 14, 1982*)

GEORGIA EMPLOYMENT REFLECTS TREND OF RECESSION

In January, Georgia's employment was recorded at 2,154,900. This was a drop of 30,500 from December and of 17,600 from January 1981. The sectors contributing to the employment loss were manufacturing, construction, transportation, and trade.

The manufacturing industries were down overall with major decreases in stone, clay and glass products, transportation equipment, food and kindred products, and textile mill products. Stone, clay and glass products manufacturing declined due to less business in ground or otherwise treated minerals and earths establishments. In the transportation equipment industry, the large decrease resulted from temporary layoffs in automotive manufacturing. The decrement in the food and kindred products industry was attributed to shutdowns caused by inclement weather in poultry dressing plants, canning plants, and cookies and crackers manufacturing plants. The textile mill products industry also showed declines caused by unfavorable weather conditions in tire cord and fabric manufacturing, broad woven cotton fabric mills, knit underwear mills, and tufted carpets and rugs manufacturing. Adverse weather and seasonal layoffs were responsible for losses in construction, trucking, and wholesale and retail trade.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

PLANT TO BE BUILT IN ATHENS

The Eaton Corporation of Cleveland, Ohio, plans to build a \$5 million electronics controls plant in Athens. Construction is slated to begin in the second quarter of this year and will be completed by the end of 1982. The plant will ultimately employ 400 people and occupy 65,000 square feet.

CLOSING IN BRUNSWICK

Babcock and Wilcox Company, subsidiary of McDermott Industries, and third largest employer in Brunswick, is closing their manufacturing facility there by May 31. It will affect 650 employees. The reason given for the shutdown was slow boiler sales.

DEVELOPMENT PLANS IN STORE FOR MIDTOWN TRACT

Consulta of America, an affiliate of Consulta of West Germany, has bought a 5.6-acre tract of land across 14th Street from Colony Square for \$3 million. A spokesman stated that no definite development plans have been made for the site, but negotiations have been initiated with potential developers.

CONVERSION TO TAKE PLACE IN SIX PENNEY STORES

New York-based J. C. Penney Company Incorporated plans to convert and remodel six Atlanta stores phasing out departments selling major appliances, hardware, lawn and garden supplies, and candy. Stores affected by the change are located at Northlake, Southlake, South DeKalb, Greenbriar, Cumberland, and Perimeter malls. The conversion will eliminate the positions of 120 employees, whom officials will attempt to place in other Penney jobs.

SEARS OPENING NEW BUSINESS SEGMENT

Chicago-based Sears, Roebuck and Company plans to open 45 business systems centers in 14 cities--including Atlanta. The centers will be opened by late summer or early fall and will sell and service computer systems, software, electronic typewriters, word processors, printers, calculators, dictation and communications equipment, and supplies made by Sears, IBM, NEC, Vector Graphics, Exxon Information Systems, Hewlett-Packard, Hitachi, Olivetti, Panasonic, Saxon, Texas Instruments, and Okidata.

LAST METRO ATLANTA COTTON TEXTILE MILL TO CLOSE

Scottdale Mills, located in DeKalb County, will cease operation by April of this year. The closing will put 500 people out of work. The reason given for the shutdown was the company's downturn in sales due to "flat domestic demand and the increased influx of subsidized foreign textile imports."

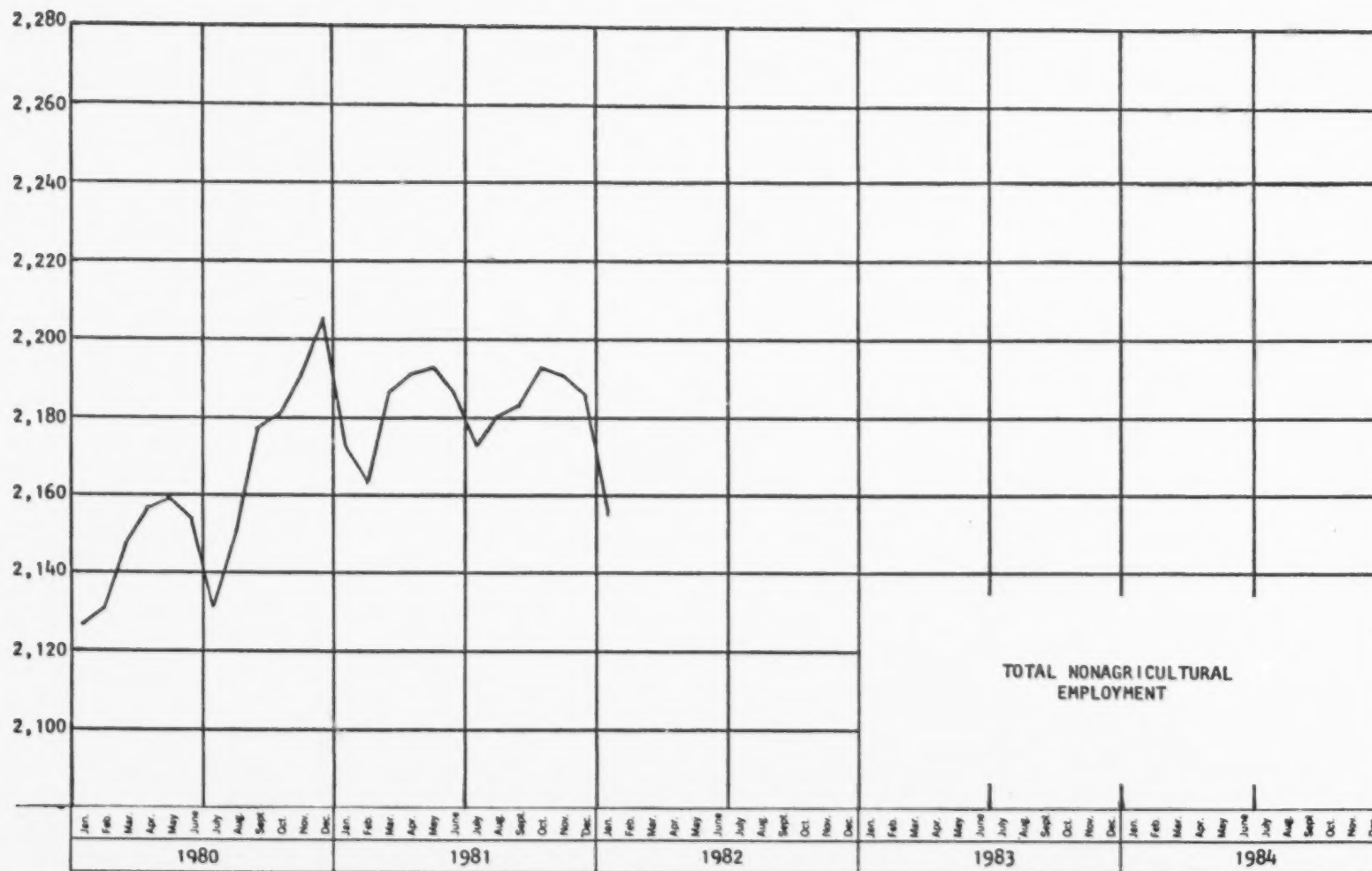
COAT PLANT TO OPEN

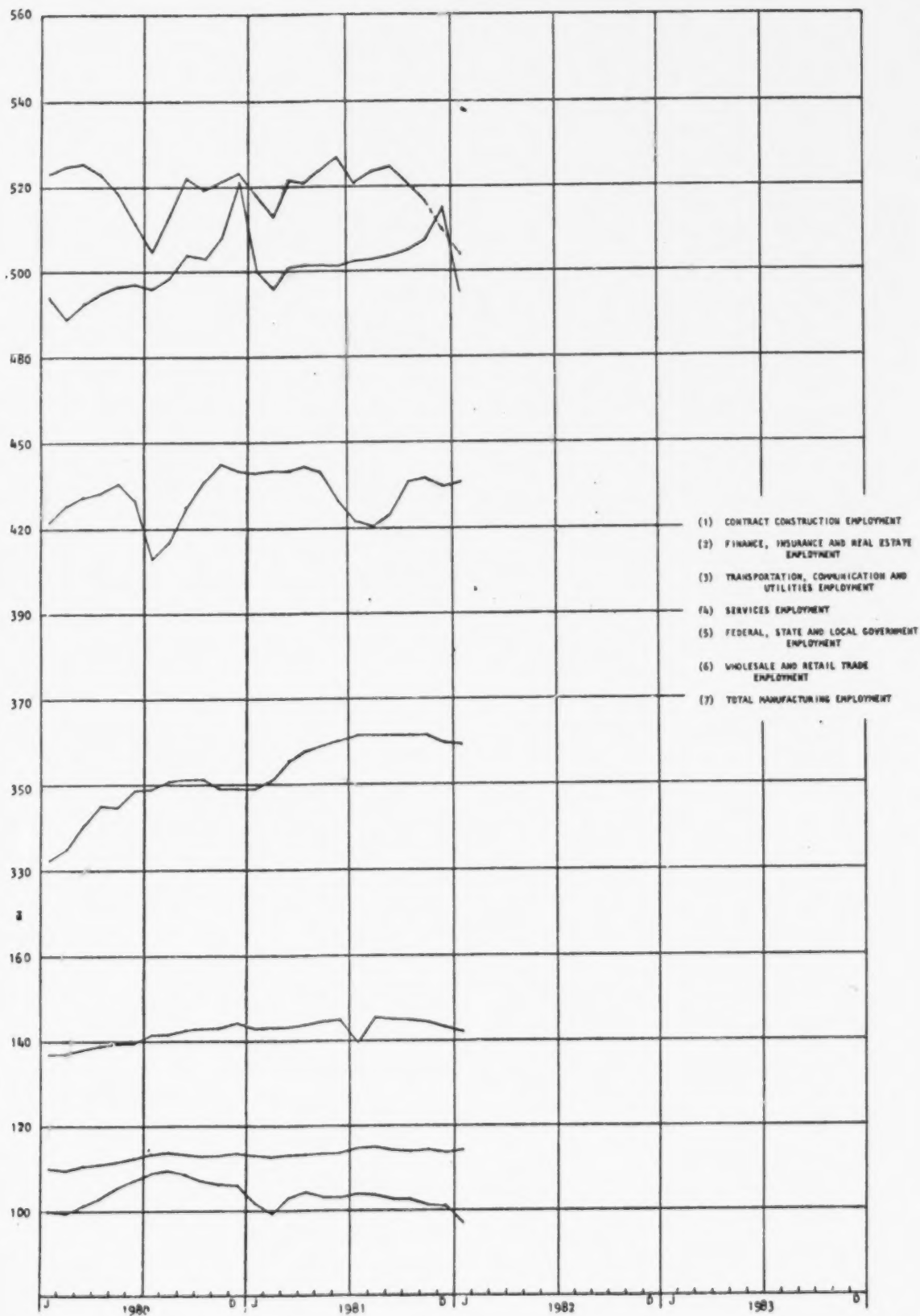
Atlanta-based Bridan Industries announced plans to open a coat factory in Carrollton in March. The plant will employ 100 workers initially, and will increase to 500 workers over an 18-month period. The facility will be used to manufacture 15,000 men's coats per week.

TIRE PLANT CLOSING IN FEBRUARY

Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company revealed plans to close its Cedartown plant on February 26. The factory manufactures tire cord and industrial products textile. Tire fabric manufacturing will be done at textile mills in Cartersville and in Decatur and Scottsboro, Alabama. The closing will lay off 380 people.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.





GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

GEORGIA							Net Change in Jobs
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago	
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000						
Manufacturing	300005	2,154.9	2,185.4	2,172.5	-30.5	-17.6	
Durable Goods	300025	504.0	509.9	518.1	-5.9	-14.1	
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	177.7	181.0	181.7	-3.3	-4.0	
Logging Camps, Sawmills and Planing Mills	324195	27.0	27.3	28.3	-.3	-1.3	
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	13.4	13.5	14.6	-.1	-1.2	
Household Furniture	325105	9.3	9.5	9.0	-.2	.3	
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	6.2	6.4	6.1	-.2	.1	
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.7	16.2	16.8	-.5	-1.1	
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	16.7	17.0	17.4	-.3	-.7	
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.3	19.7	20.0	-.4	-.7	
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	21.6	21.8	23.0	-.2	-1.4	
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.0	21.9	21.3	.1	.7	
Other Durable Goods	399915	36.2	37.8	35.6	-1.6	.6	
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.8	10.0	10.4	-.2	-.6	
Food and Kindred Products	420005	326.3	328.9	336.4	-2.6	-10.1	
Metal Products	420105	58.3	59.3	58.2	-1.0	.1	
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	21.2	21.2	21.7	.0	-.5	
Dairy Products	420205	15.4	15.5	16.0	-.1	-.6	
Bakery Products	420505	4.5	4.5	4.3	.0	.2	
Textile Mill Products	422005	9.4	9.6	9.1	-.2	.3	
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	107.2	108.9	116.3	-1.7	-9.1	
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	24.1	24.5	28.0	-.4	-3.9	
Knitting Mills	422505	4.1	4.1	4.2	.0	-.1	
Floor Covering Mills	422705	9.1	9.3	9.8	-.2	-.7	
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	28.4	28.9	30.0	-.5	-1.6	
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	21.9	22.0	23.8	-.1	-1.9	
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	70.2	70.4	70.7	-.2	-.5	
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	38.9	38.8	38.5	.1	.4	
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.0	21.2	21.7	-.2	-.7	
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	28.2	27.9	28.5	.3	-.3	
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	13.6	13.2	13.6	.4	.0	
Printing and Publishing	427005	6.8	6.8	6.9	.0	-.1	
Commercial Printing	427505	23.6	23.4	23.8	.2	-.2	
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	8.9	8.9	8.7	.0	.2	
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	17.5	17.3	17.1	.2	.4	
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0	
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.2	2.3	2.4	-.1	-.2	
Nonmanufacturing	000060	19.2	19.4	19.5	-.2	-.3	
Mining	100005	1,650.9	1,675.5	1,654.4	-24.6	-3.5	
Contract Construction	200005	7.7	7.9	7.7	-.2	.0	
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	96.4	100.9	101.9	-4.5	-5.5	
Transportation	500015	141.9	143.1	142.8	-1.2	-.9	
Communication (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	548005	83.8	84.7	85.2	-.9	-1.4	
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Service	549005	37.2	37.2	37.0	.0	.2	
		21.0	21.2	20.6	-.2	.4	

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Net Change in Jobs	
					Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	495.3	515.1	500.0	-19.8	-4.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	157.7	159.0	158.6	-1.3	-.9
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	96.7	97.0	96.8	-.3	-.1
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	61.0	62.0	61.8	-1.0	-.8
Retail Trade	652005	337.7	356.1	341.5	-18.4	-3.8
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	114.1	113.8	113.1	.3	1.0
Finance	760025	50.3	50.0	49.1	.3	1.2
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	40.5	40.5	40.7	.0	-.2
Real Estate	765075	23.3	23.3	23.3	.0	.0
Services	800005	359.6	359.9	349.2	-.3	10.4
Government	998008	435.8	434.8	439.7	1.0	-3.9
Federal	998011	88.3	87.8	84.5	.5	3.8
State and Local	998509	347.6	347.1	355.3	.5	-7.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. These estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

PRODUCTION WORKERS
(in thousands)

GEORGIA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Net Change in Jobs	
					Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	385.8	391.5	397.5	-5.7	-11.7
Durable Goods	300025	133.1	136.4	136.9	-3.3	-3.8
Nondurable Goods	400015	252.7	255.1	260.6	-2.4	-7.9
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.5	41.4	40.8	-.9	-.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	89.5	91.0	97.2	-1.5	-7.7
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	21.9	22.3	25.0	-.4	-3.1
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.5	3.5	3.6	.0	-.1
Knitting Mills	422505	7.4	7.6	8.0	-.2	-.6
Floor Covering Mills	422705	23.2	23.6	24.4	-.4	-1.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.7	18.9	20.6	-.2	-1.9
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.8	60.0	60.0	-.2	-.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.3	33.2	32.9	.1	.4
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.0	18.2	18.3	-.2	-.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.2	22.6	23.3	-.4	-1.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.8	8.0	7.7	-.2	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	22.1	21.7	22.0	.4	.1
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.6	10.2	10.4	.4	.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.6	10.6	10.5	.0	.1
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.1	1.3	1.4	-.2	-.3
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	12.8	13.1	13.6	-.3	-.8
Primary Metal Industries	333005	12.0	12.3	12.6	-.3	-.6
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	15.6	15.9	16.1	-.3	-.5
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	14.9	15.0	16.0	-.1	-1.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	15.1	14.9	14.3	.2	.8
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.5	26.3	24.7	-1.8	-.2

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1987 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA	INDUSTRY	Series Code	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
			Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month
			JAN 82	DEC 81	JAN 81	JAN 82	DEC 81	JAN 81	JAN 82	DEC 81	JAN 81
	Total Manufacturing	300005	\$204.76	\$266.80	\$248.84	30.2	40.0	40.2	\$6.78	\$6.67	\$6.1
	Durable Goods	300025	235.31	311.40	286.80	30.8	40.6	40.0	7.64	7.67	7.1
	Nondurable Goods	400015	183.97	242.96	228.90	29.9	39.7	40.3	6.32	6.12	5.6
	Selected Industries:										
	Food and Kindred Products	420005	\$207.09	\$241.00	\$226.73	35.1	40.1	40.2	\$5.90	\$6.01	\$5.6
	Textile Mill Products	422005	152.38	224.01	214.73	26.5	39.3	40.9	5.75	5.70	5.2
	Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	147.00	228.85	218.00	25.7	39.8	40.9	5.72	5.75	5.3
	Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	203.36	256.92	233.23	32.8	42.1	41.5	6.20	6.15	5.6
	Knitting Mills	422505	157.71	215.18	176.79	29.7	40.6	39.2	5.31	5.30	4.5
	Floor Covering Mills	422705	144.97	219.63	218.02	25.3	38.6	40.6	5.73	5.60	5.3
	Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	167.33	212.43	219.42	29.0	37.4	41.4	5.77	5.68	5.3
	Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	113.20	164.70	157.54	25.1	36.6	36.3	4.51	4.50	4.3
	Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	119.73	166.25	157.32	26.2	36.7	36.0	4.57	4.53	4.3
	Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	110.85	153.91	155.55	25.6	35.3	36.6	4.33	4.36	4.2
	Lumber and Wood Products	324005	148.86	200.79	186.63	28.3	38.1	38.8	5.26	5.27	4.8
	Furniture and Fixtures	325005	150.35	207.46	178.77	31.0	42.6	37.4	4.85	4.87	4.7
	Paper and Allied Products	426005	382.53	431.65	381.94	38.6	44.5	43.6	9.91	9.70	8.7
	Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	490.36	523.07	440.95	44.7	47.9	45.6	10.97	10.92	9.6
	Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	300.69	344.64	309.67	38.5	44.7	43.8	7.81	7.71	7.0
	Leather and Leather Products	431005	150.31	148.20	146.12	29.3	30.0	34.3	5.13	4.94	4.2
	Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	219.98	292.93	249.85	30.2	41.2	39.1	7.27	7.11	6.3
	Primary Metal Industries	333005	279.59	361.60	333.50	32.7	41.9	43.2	8.55	8.63	7.7
	Fabricated Metal Products	334005	237.08	300.15	264.37	32.7	41.4	39.4	7.25	7.25	6.7
	Machinery, except Electrical	335005	252.17	303.72	360.40	30.2	38.3	42.3	8.35	7.93	8.5
	Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	279.62	320.38	301.72	36.6	42.1	39.7	7.64	7.61	7.6
	Transportation Equipment	337005	314.86	455.33	396.76	29.1	40.8	39.4	10.82	11.16	10.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT DROPS 18,700 IN JANUARY

The Atlanta area experienced a drop of 18,700 jobs between December and January. This was the largest employment decline for any January. In addition to the normal post holiday season layoffs in retail trade establishments, bad weather struck during the week of reference for estimating employment, which made travel too hazardous for many workers in other industries to get to their jobs. All major industry categories posted losses except for the finance, insurance and real estate group and the service group.

MANUFACTURING DROPPED 3,600

Durable and nondurable goods-producing industries declined. Among the durable goods industries, transportation equipment provided the major portion of the decrease due to the temporary partial shutdown of one automobile assembly plant. In the nondurable category, food and apparel accounted for nearly all the loss. Except for the above-mentioned plant shutdown, most of the losses in the manufacturing industries were attributed to the bad weather.

Manufacturing was down 2,000 from the same month last year. Most of the decline was in the nondurable goods industries and was confined to textile and apparel. Among the durable goods industries, primary metals and electric and electronic equipment gained while lumber and stone, clay and glass products registered losses.

SEASONAL LAYOFFS IN NONMANUFACTURING

During January, nonmanufacturing fell 15,000 from December to an estimated 836,800. Trade dropped 10,300 due primarily to the normal post holiday season layoffs in retail trade. A substantial portion of the 3,800 decline in construction and the 1,200 loss in transportation and public utilities can be attributed to the inclement weather. Seasonal hiring by the Internal Revenue Service raised federal employment while state and local governments and state and local education declined.

Over the year, nonmanufacturing rose 3,000. Gains in trade (wholesale) and services more than offset losses in construction and government. Transportation and public utilities remained at the same level despite a slight downturn in trucking and warehousing. Government was off 2,800 as declines in the state and local sector exceeded gains in the federal sector.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Wachovia Bank and Trust Company is planning to develop a \$20 million industrial park for R. J. Reynolds Industries Pension Fund on a 56.35-acre tract at the intersection of Interstate 85 and Beaver Run Road in Gwinnett County. According to the bank official, Wachovia will probably build most of the buildings in the industrial park and lease them to other companies. He said the company does not expect to begin construction until the second or third quarter this year and that development of the park will probably take about five years. The company is hoping to attract service, distribution and light manufacturing companies.

Zayre Corporation, a Massachusetts-based discount chain, will hire 500 employees in metropolitan Atlanta as it adds two stores here and renovates several others.

Note. Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

ATLANTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Net Change in Jobs	
					Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	980.3	999.0	979.3	-18.7	1.0
Manufacturing	300005	143.5	147.1	145.5	-3.6	-2.0
Durable Goods	300025	73.3	75.4	73.5	-2.1	-.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.8	3.0	-.1	-.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.7	3.8	3.6	-.1	.1
Household Furniture	325105	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	6.6	6.7	7.2	-.1	-.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.4	5.6	4.9	-.2	.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	7.9	8.0	7.7	-.1	.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.3	8.5	8.5	-.2	-.2
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.0	11.1	10.6	-.1	.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.4	25.7	24.5	-1.3	-.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.3	3.4	3.5	-.1	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	70.2	71.8	72.0	-1.6	-1.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	19.0	19.9	18.6	-.9	.4
Meat Products	420105	5.2	5.5	5.6	-.3	-.4
Bakery Products	420505	3.2	3.3	3.3	-.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	5.8	5.9	6.9	-.1	-1.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	2.3	2.4	3.5	-.1	-1.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.8	1.8	1.7	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.4	8.8	9.3	-.4	-.9
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.5	3.7	3.7	-.2	-.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.8	3.0	3.5	-.2	-.7
Paper and Allied Products	426005	8.1	8.2	8.3	-.1	-.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.5	4.6	4.4	-.1	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	15.7	15.6	15.7	.1	.0
Commercial Printing	427505	6.7	6.8	6.6	-.1	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.4	7.4	7.4	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	5.9	6.0	5.8	-.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	836.8	851.8	833.8	-15.0	3.0
Contract Construction	200005	40.8	44.6	45.4	-3.8	-4.6
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	87.8	89.0	87.8	-1.2	.0
Transportation	500015	55.8	56.9	56.6	-1.1	-.8
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	268.1	278.4	267.4	-10.3	.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	104.4	105.0	102.6	-.6	1.8
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	69.0	69.0	68.3	.0	.7
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	35.4	36.0	34.3	-.6	1.1
Retail Trade	652005	163.7	173.5	164.8	-9.8	-1.1
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	67.6	67.5	67.5	.1	.1

ALL EMPLOYMENT
(in thousands)

ATLANTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Net Change in Jobs	
					Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Finance	760025	26.1	26.0	25.8	.1	.3
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	25.1	25.1	25.6	.0	-.5
Services	800055	212.1	211.6	202.5	.5	9.6
Government	998008	160.4	160.7	163.2	-.3	-2.8
Federal	998011	35.6	35.0	34.5	.6	1.1
State and Local	998509	124.8	125.7	128.7	-.9	-3.9

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

PRODUCTION WORKERS
(in thousands)

ATLANTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Net Change in Jobs	
					Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	97.3	100.7	101.8	-3.4	-4.5
Durable Goods	300025	50.3	52.5	52.0	-2.2	-1.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	46.9	48.2	49.8	-1.3	-2.9
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	12.0	12.6	11.9	-.6	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.6	4.8	5.9	-.2	-1.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.7	7.1	7.4	-.4	-.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	2.9	3.0	3.2	-.1	-.3
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.2	2.4	2.6	-.2	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.2	2.4	-.1	-.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.2	3.2	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.3	6.3	6.4	.0	-.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.2	3.3	3.1	-.1	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.8	3.7	3.8	.1	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	4.9	4.9	5.5	.0	-.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.5	3.7	3.2	-.2	.3
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	5.5	5.6	5.3	-.1	.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.3	5.4	5.6	-.1	-.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	15.9	17.4	17.0	-1.5	-1.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

HOURS AND EARNINGS

ATLANTA	Series Code	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
		Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81
INDUSTRY										
Total Manufacturing	300005	\$215.16	\$315.58	\$294.97	26.4	39.3	39.7	\$8.15	\$8.03	\$7.43
Durable Goods	300025	244.68	363.66	339.63	26.8	39.4	39.4	9.13	9.23	8.62
Nondurable Goods	400015	183.82	264.77	249.42	26.0	39.4	40.1	7.07	6.72	6.22
Selected Industries:										
Food & Kindred Products	420005	\$154.80	\$259.45	\$246.48	22.9	40.1	39.5	\$6.76	\$6.47	\$6.24
Textile Mill Products	422005	125.27	197.10	195.38	21.9	34.1	37.5	5.72	5.78	5.21
Apparel & Other Textile Products	423005	73.48	171.12	161.10	15.6	36.8	35.8	4.71	4.65	4.50
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	58.76	160.01	163.61	13.0	35.4	35.8	4.52	4.52	4.57
Women's & Children's Clothing	423335	99.80	168.59	155.30	21.1	37.8	35.7	4.73	4.46	4.35
Lumber & Wood Products	324005	120.48	165.56	181.50	24.0	32.4	38.7	5.02	5.11	4.69
Furniture & Fixtures	325005	174.72	235.20	206.27	33.6	44.8	37.3	5.20	5.25	5.53
Paper & Allied Products	426005	229.28	315.46	320.97	29.7	40.6	42.4	7.72	7.77	7.57
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	426505	186.59	272.13	292.33	27.2	38.6	41.0	6.86	7.05	7.13
Chemicals & Allied Products	428105	215.88	303.96	274.51	28.9	40.8	39.9	7.47	7.45	6.88
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	332005	199.42	300.99	262.60	25.6	39.5	40.4	7.79	7.62	6.50
Primary Metal Industries	333005	365.12	506.41	465.43	32.0	44.5	45.1	11.41	11.38	10.32
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	217.79	277.86	273.78	29.0	37.6	37.3	7.51	7.39	7.34
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	229.41	315.40	409.34	25.1	38.0	42.2	9.14	8.30	9.70
Transportation Equipment	337005	319.23	496.58	425.24	25.6	39.6	37.4	12.47	12.54	11.37

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

LOSS REFLECTED IN ALBANY NONMANUFACTURING SECTOR

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA was down over the month but showed a gain for the year. At 44,000 in January, total employment appeared to be down by over 1,000 for the month. Much of this estimated loss was in nonmanufacturing. The figures are overstated in this estimate and should show about half of that loss when they are revised next month.

Manufacturing, at 11,900, was unchanged for the month and up 400 over the year. Gains were reported in both durable and nondurable goods for the year. In the durable goods segment, a gain was recorded in metals while a partially offsetting loss occurred in the "other durable goods" segment. Within the nondurable goods segment, food products, textiles, and "other nondurable goods" were all up for the year. Chemicals, at 700, was unchanged for the year. No significant changes were recorded in manufacturing over the month.

Contract construction, at 2,100, was down 100 for the month and up 100 over the year. The annual gain, as well as much of the employment in the industry, was the result primarily of commercial construction. Although very little residential construction is occurring, commercial projects, such as the civic center project, should keep the industry relatively close to present levels.

Trade was estimated to have lost about 800 over the month. This estimate was overstated and will not show as much of a loss when revised figures are compiled. About half of the loss is actual and much of that was due to the slowdown in retail trade that usually comes after Christmas.

Finance, insurance and real estate, at 1,900, declined 100 over the year and was down the same amount for the month. Transportation, communications and utilities, at 2,300, was unchanged over the month and year. Services, at 6,200, was down 100 over the month and up 100 for the year. Government, at 10,400, lost 100 over the month and 200 for the year. Most of the decrement was in the state and local sector.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

TRADE DECLINES IN AUGUSTA

Employment in February declined to 122,700 representing a loss of 1,500 over the month. Most of the loss was concentrated in trade which reported a decrease of 1,100 precipitated by usual seasonal layoffs. Annually, unemployment rose 700. Construction and finance, insurance and real estate were the only major industry divisions to sustain a loss. All others shared in the annual increase.

Manufacturing, at 35,800, dropped 300 over the month. Stone, clay and glass products lost 100 precipitated by less activity in glass manufacturing. Apparel declined 200 in other finished textile products and printing and publishing slid downward 200 triggered by less business in commercial printing. Textile mill products climbed 100 in broad woven goods. Annually, manufacturing rose 300. The largest increase was in nondurable goods, which was up 700 because of more business in chemicals. Textile mill products, down 400 throughout the segment, offset this gain in a large measure.

Construction, at 4,600, dropped 200 over the month, mostly because of unfavorable weather. This division lost 800 over the year as several projects were completed. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, rose 100 over the month and over the year because of increased activity in communications. Trade, at 22,700, declined 1,100 over the month as the usual after-Christmas layoff was effected. This division rose 200 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month. This division lost 100 over the year with scattered declines. Services and mining, at 18,300, was unchanged over the month but climbed 200 over the year precipitated by the opening of new firms. Government, at 32,400, was up 100 over the month with scattered increments. This division gained 800 over the year with the increase concentrated in the state and local subdivision.

OUTLOOK

Employment will rise with the advent of better weather in construction. Trade and services will gain at least temporarily when the Master's Golf Tournament is played in April. Sustained growth will depend on lower interest rates which seem a long way off.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT REACHES LOWEST POINT SINCE APRIL 1981

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 77,900, was at its lowest ebb in January since April 1981 when the total was 77,400. This was a decline of 1,700 from a month ago and a loss of 3,300 from a year ago. The greatest loss from December was centered in trade activity which reflected a normal drop after the rapid pace of Christmas buying. Contract construction was down 300 from last month and had 600 more workers than the previous January. State and local government employment dropped 200 from December and declined 1,200 from one year ago. These losses reflected cuts in the budget as programs financed by federal money were trimmed. Federal government employment remained constant from the previous month and revealed an increase of 400 from January 1981.

Manufacturing employment, with 18,700, remained the same as December and was 3,200 less than one year ago. The heaviest annual loss was in textiles, which dropped 2,000 and was followed by metals and machinery, which declined 1,500. Smaller losses were noted in stone, clay and glass products, "other durable goods," and printing, publishing and allied industries. Over the year, increases took place in food and kindred products, apparel and other finished textile products and in "other nondurable goods."

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 59,200, lost 1,700 from last month and declined 200 from January 1981. Contract construction, at 4,900, was down 300 from December and was 600 more than one year ago. Activities in transportation, communications and public utilities increased 100 from last month and decreased 100 from a year ago. Trade activities declined 1,000 from December as employees who worked temporarily in retail establishments during the Christmas season were released. Wholesale trade held steady. An increase of 200 was noted from one year ago. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained constant from December and was 100 higher than a year earlier. Employment in services and miscellaneous declined 200 from a month ago and was the same as last year. Government employment dropped 300 from December as more cuts were felt due to budget trimming. Over the year, federal employment increased 400 while state and local government employment was cut by 1,200 employees.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

MACON MONTHLY LOSS IS ONLY 200

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 98,200 in January. The current preliminary estimate was down 200 from December and up 800 from January 1981. During the month, manufacturing was unchanged with a slight drop in durable goods being offset by a gain in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing declined 200 with losses in construction and trade being partially offset by a gain in services. Annually, manufacturing rose 500 with most of the increase in durable goods. Nonmanufacturing added 200 with gains in trade and finance, insurance and real estate. Construction, services, and government registered declines with transportation, communications and public utilities remaining unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 16,800, was unchanged from last month and up 500 from a year ago. Annually, durable goods rose 600 with increases in nonelectrical machinery and "other durable goods" being partially offset by a small drop in lumber and wood products. Stone, clay and glass products was unchanged during the year. Nondurable goods dropped 100 with declines in food, textiles, and "other nondurable goods." Apparel gained 100 with paper and chemicals remaining unchanged.

Construction, at 3,700, was down 200 from December and down 100 from a year ago. During the month, declines occurred in general construction, heavy construction and special trades construction. Annually, losses in general construction and heavy construction were partially offset by an increase in special trades construction. Transportation, communications, and public utilities, at 4,500, was unchanged during all reporting periods. Trade, at 20,400, was down 600 from last month and up 500 from January 1981. All of the monthly loss was in retail trade as temporary help hired for the Christmas season was dismissed. Annually, wholesale trade added 200 and retail trade gained 300. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 6,400, was up 100 from December and up 300 from January 1981. Most of the increase in all reporting periods was in insurance. Services, at 17,100, was up 600 from last month and down 200 from a year ago. During the month, most of the gain was in private education as student help at two colleges returned from Christmas holidays. Annually, declines in mining and private education were partially offset by an increase in "other covered" services. Government, at 29,400, was up 100 from December and down 100 from a year ago. During the month, the federal segment advanced 100 with the state and local segment being unchanged. Annually, an increase in the federal segment partially offset a loss in the state and local segment.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

SAVANNAH GROWS IN MANUFACTURING SECTOR

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA increased slightly over the month to reach a level of approximately 90,100. Over the year, employment grew approximately 3,200.

Manufacturing employment grew an estimated 300 over the month, with the majority of the gain taking place in the nondurable goods sector. The apparent gain was actually a return to normal levels in the pulp and paper industry.

Nonmanufacturing employment lost an estimated 100 in employment with the loss concentrated in the wholesale and retail trade sector. Over the year, employment in this sector grew approximately 3,100. Over the year, wholesale and retail trade employment increased approximately 1,000 in employment with the increases concentrated in the food stores and restaurants. Over the year, services grew an estimated 1,300 with the health fields accounting for a large portion of the growth.

As the recession begins to turn around, employment in the Savannah SMSA should begin to grow making up the losses occurring in certain sectors over the previous year.

Note Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT
(in thousands)

ALBANY INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Previous Month Year ago	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.0	45.1	43.7	-1.1	.3
Manufacturing	300005	11.9	11.9	11.5	.0	.4
Durable Goods	300025	2.5	2.6	2.4	-.1	.1
Primary and Fabricated Metals, Machinery	333055	1.4	1.4	1.2	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	1.1	1.2	1.3	-.1	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.3	9.3	9.1	.0	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Textiles and Apparel	422015	1.9	1.9	1.8	.0	.1
Chemicals	428005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.1	33.2	32.2	-1.1	-.1
Contract Construction	200005	2.1	2.2	2.0	-.1	.1
Transportation, Communication and Utilities	500005	2.3	2.3	2.3	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.1	9.9	9.1	-.8	.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.3	2.7	2.7	-.4	-.4
Retail Trade	652005	6.9	7.2	6.3	-.3	.6
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	1.9	2.0	2.0	-.1	-.1
Services and Mining	800055	6.2	6.3	6.1	-.1	.1
Government	998008	10.4	10.5	10.6	-.1	-.2
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	7.6	7.7	7.8	-.1	-.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT
(in thousands)

AUGUSTA INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	122.7	124.2	122.0	-1.5	.7
Manufacturing	300005	35.8	36.1	35.5	-.3	.3
Durable Goods	300025	8.6	8.8	8.6	-.2	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	3.3	3.4	3.2	-.1	.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.5	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	27.1	27.3	26.9	-.2	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	9.8	9.7	10.2	.1	-.4
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.2	2.4	2.4	-.2	-.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	.7	.9	.7	-.2	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	11.5	11.5	10.8	.0	.7
Nonmanufacturing	000060	86.9	88.1	86.4	-1.2	.5
Contract Construction	200005	4.6	4.8	5.4	-.2	-.8
Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.5	4.4	4.4	.1	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	22.7	23.8	22.5	-1.1	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.9	4.0	4.0	-.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	18.8	19.8	18.4	-1.0	.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.4	4.4	4.5	.0	-.1
Services and Mining	800055	18.3	18.3	18.1	.0	.2
Government	998008	32.4	32.3	31.6	.1	.8
Federal	998011	7.1	7.1	7.0	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	25.2	25.2	24.6	.0	.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT
(in thousands)

COLUMBUS INDUSTRY	Series Code	Net Change in Jobs				
		Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	77.9	79.6	81.2	-1.7	-3.3
Manufacturing	300005	18.7	18.7	21.9	.0	-3.2
Durable Goods	300025	4.5	4.5	6.0	.0	-1.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	.4	.5	.5	-.1	-.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.3	3.3	4.8	.0	-1.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	.2	.2	.3	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	14.2	14.2	15.9	.0	-1.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	4.1	4.2	3.9	-.1	.2
Textile Mills Products	422005	6.8	6.9	8.8	-.1	-2.0
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Products	423005	1.1	1.0	.9	.1	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.2	1.1	1.1	.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	59.2	60.9	59.4	-1.7	-.2
Contract Construction	200005	4.9	5.2	4.3	-.3	.6
Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.3	3.2	3.4	.1	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	15.9	16.9	15.7	-1.0	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	13.6	14.5	13.3	-.9	.3
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	5.4	5.4	5.3	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	11.2	11.4	11.2	-.2	.0
Government	998008	18.5	18.8	19.5	-.3	-1.0
Federal	998011	6.2	6.2	5.8	.0	.4
State and Local	998509	12.4	12.6	13.6	-.2	-1.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

MACON		Net Change in Jobs				
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	98.2	98.4	97.4	-.2	.8
Manufacturing	300005	16.8	16.8	16.3	.0	.5
Durable Goods	300025	6.0	6.1	5.4	-.1	.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.6	.7	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	1.2	1.3	1.2	-.1	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.3	.3	.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.9	4.0	3.3	-.1	.6
Nondurable Goods	400015	10.8	10.8	10.9	.0	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.6	2.7	.0	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	1.4	1.3	1.5	.1	-.1
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Products	423005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	81.3	81.5	81.1	-.2	.2
Contract Construction	200005	3.7	3.9	3.8	-.2	-.1
Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.5	4.5	4.5	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	20.4	21.0	19.9	-.6	.5
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	6.4	6.3	6.1	.1	.3
Services and Mining	800005	17.1	16.5	17.3	.6	-.2
Government	998008	29.4	29.3	29.5	.1	-.1
Federal	998011	16.4	16.3	16.0	.1	.4
State and Local	998509	13.0	13.0	13.6	.0	-.6

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

ALL EMPLOYMENT
(in thousands)

SAVANNAH INDUSTRY	Series Code	Not Change in Jobs				
		Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	90.1	89.9	86.9	.2	3.2
Manufacturing	300005	16.4	16.1	16.4	.3	.0
Durable Goods	300025	6.6	6.8	6.5	-.2	.1
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefab. Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.1	3.3	3.0	-.2	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.3	2.3	-.1	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.8	9.3	9.9	.5	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.7	4.2	4.8	.5	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.8	1.9	1.8	-.1	.0
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.5	.6	.7	-.1	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	73.7	73.8	70.6	-.1	3.1
Contract Construction	200005	4.9	4.8	4.8	.1	.1
Transportation and Public Utilities (Except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.7	8.8	9.4	-.1	-.7
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	22.3	22.6	21.3	-.3	1.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.4	4.5	4.4	-.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	17.9	18.1	16.9	-.2	1.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	16.5	16.3	15.2	.2	1.3
Government	998008	17.3	17.3	15.9	.0	1.4
Federal	998011	2.6	2.5	2.5	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	14.7	14.6	13.4	.1	1.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

PRODUCTION WORKERS (in thousands)

SAVANNAH					Net Change in Jobs	
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month JAN 82	Previous Month DEC 81	Current Month Year ago JAN 81	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.6	11.5	11.5	.1	.1
Durable Goods	300025	5.2	5.4	4.8	-.2	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.4	6.1	6.7	.3	-.3
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	.9	.9	0	0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.4	2.9	3.5	.5	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	2.9	3.1	2.5	-.2	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

HOURS AND EARNINGS

SAVANNAH		Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
INDUSTRY	Series Code	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago	Current Month	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
		JAN 82	DEC 81	JAN 81	JAN 82	DEC 81	JAN 81	JAN 82	DEC 81	JAN 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	\$360.82	\$393.39	\$346.09	42.4	46.5	44.2	\$8.51	\$8.46	\$7.83
Durable Goods	300025	346.80	357.06	327.56	42.5	44.3	43.5	8.16	8.06	7.53
Nondurable Goods	400015	372.70	425.83	360.64	42.4	48.5	44.8	8.79	8.78	8.05
Selected Industries:										
Lumber & Wood Products	324005	\$216.48	\$224.32	\$247.52	36.2	37.7	44.2	\$5.98	\$5.95	\$5.60
Paper & Allied Products	426005	443.44	543.72	420.44	44.3	54.7	46.0	10.01	9.94	9.14
Chemicals & Allied Products	428005	304.61	318.40	287.54	41.5	44.1	42.1	7.34	7.22	6.83
Transportation Equipment	337005	418.15	408.61	388.31	45.6	45.3	45.9	9.17	9.02	8.46

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary January 1982	Revised December 1981	Revised January 1981	Change From	
				Revised December 1981	Revised January 1981
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,603,533	2,611,421	2,548,682	-7,888	54,851
Employed	2,385,846	2,424,224	2,383,466	-38,378	2,380
Unemployed	217,687	187,197	165,216	30,490	52,471
Rate	8.4	7.2	6.5	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,638	53,549	52,153	-911	485
Employed	48,301	49,419	47,740	-1,118	561
Unemployed	4,337	4,130	4,413	207	-76
Rate	8.2	7.7	8.5	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,070,772	1,082,417	1,047,220	-11,645	23,552
Employed	998,536	1,020,593	990,426	-22,057	8,110
Unemployed	72,236	61,824	56,794	10,412	15,442
Rate	6.7	5.7	5.4	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	131,320	132,414	130,162	-1,094	1,158
Employed	121,098	123,395	120,505	-2,297	593
Unemployed	10,222	9,019	9,657	1,203	565
Rate	7.8	6.8	7.4	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,415	92,015	88,012	-4,600	-597
Employed	78,228	81,804	81,269	-3,576	-3,041
Unemployed	9,187	10,211	6,743	-1,024	2,444
Rate	10.5	11.1	7.7	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	107,399	107,423	104,812	-24	2,587
Employed	99,731	99,908	98,185	-177	1,546
Unemployed	7,668	7,515	6,627	153	1,041
Rate	7.1	7.0	6.3	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,524	98,320	94,172	204	4,352
Employed	92,067	91,849	88,192	218	3,875
Unemployed	6,457	6,471	5,980	-14	477
Rate	6.6	6.6	6.4	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

	Change From				
	Preliminary January 1982	Revised December 1981	Revised January 1981	Revised December 1981	Revised January 1981
Residence and Employment Status					
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	131,320	132,414	130,162	-1,094	1,158
Employed	121,098	123,395	120,505	-2,297	593
Unemployed	10,222	9,019	9,657	1,203	565
Rate	7.8	6.8	7.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,121	90,467	88,643	-1,346	478
Employed	83,605	84,736	82,568	-1,131	1,037
Unemployed	5,516	5,731	6,075	-215	-559
Rate	6.2	6.3	6.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	42,199	41,947	41,519	252	680
Employed	37,493	38,659	37,937	-1,166	-444
Unemployed	4,706	3,288	3,582	1,418	1,124
Rate	11.2	7.8	8.6	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

	Change From				
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary January 1982	Revised December 1981	Revised January 1981	Revised December 1981	Revised January 1981
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,415	92,015	88,012	-4,600	-597
Employed	78,228	81,804	81,269	-3,576	-3,041
Unemployed	9,187	10,211	6,743	-1,024	2,444
Rate	10.5	11.1	7.7	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,726	73,474	70,781	-3,748	-1,055
Employed	63,801	66,521	65,962	-2,720	-2,161
Unemployed	5,925	6,953	4,819	-1,028	1,106
Rate	8.5	9.5	6.8	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,689	18,541	17,231	-852	458
Employed	14,427	15,283	15,307	-856	-880
Unemployed	3,262	3,258	1,924	4	1,338
Rate	18.4	17.6	11.2	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary January 1982	Revised December 1981	Revised January 1981	Change From	
				Revised December 1981	Revised January 1981
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,603,533	2,611,421	2,548,682	-7,888	54,851
Employed	2,385,846	2,424,224	2,383,466	-38,378	2,380
Unemployed	217,687	187,197	165,216	30,490	52,471
Rate	8.4	7.2	6.5	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,538,937	1,554,223	1,506,355	-15,286	32,582
Employed	1,430,371	1,457,586	1,417,970	-27,215	12,401
Unemployed	108,566	96,637	88,385	11,929	20,181
Rate	7.1	6.2	5.9	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,064,596	1,057,198	1,042,327	7,398	22,269
Employed	955,475	966,638	965,496	-11,163	-10,021
Unemployed	109,121	90,560	76,831	18,561	32,290
Rate	10.2	8.6	7.4	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.